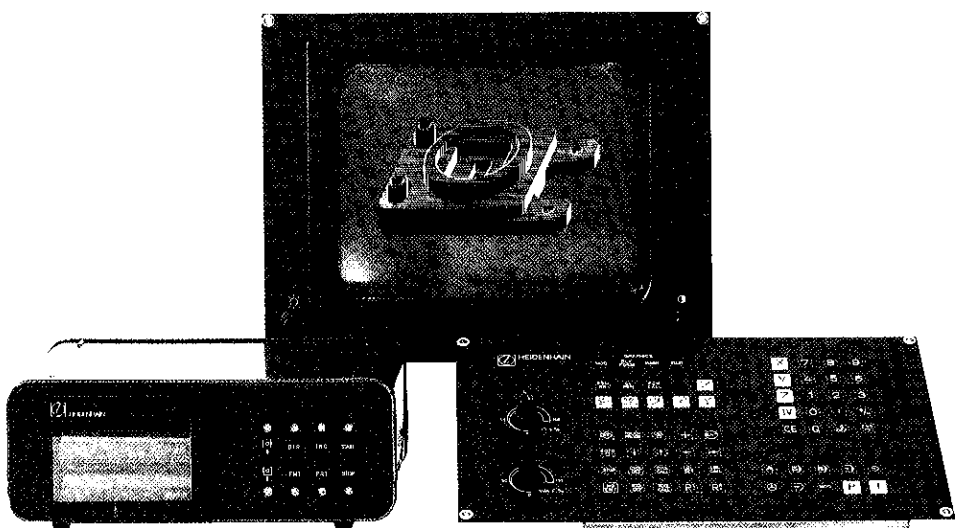


PILOT

TNC 355



August '89



HEIDENHAIN

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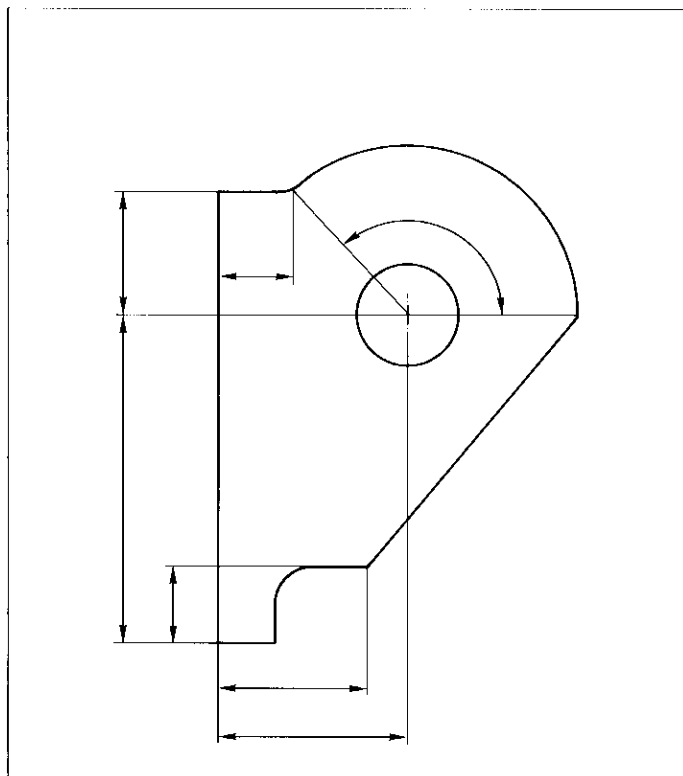
The PILOT is valid for all TNC 355 versions. Comprehensive information on programming possibilities can be found in the operator's manual.

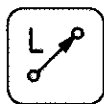
HEIDENHAIN is constantly working on further developments of its TNC controls. It is therefore possible that details of certain control versions may deviate from the versions explained in this programming PILOT.

Introduction

The PILOT will help you with programming and trouble shooting based on the workpiece drawing.

Workpiece drawings are color-coded for clarity reasons. For explanations of symbols and colors please refer to the next page.





**Dialog
initiation key**

Key to symbols

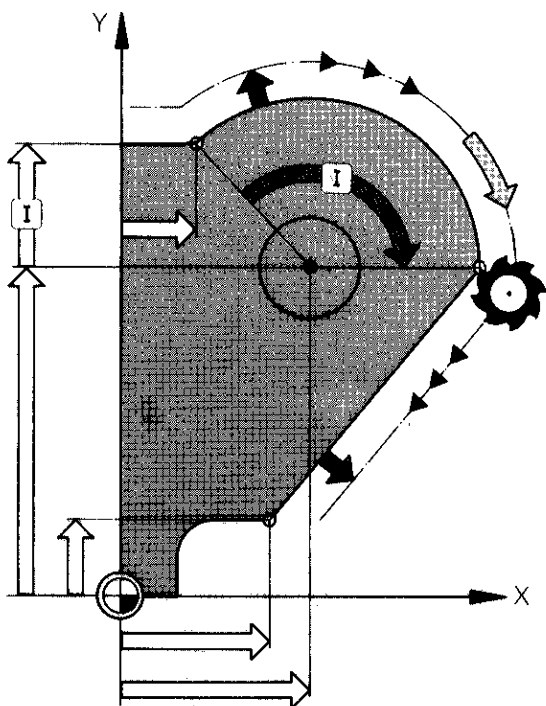
**Program block
on screen**

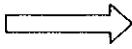
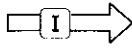
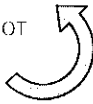






```
11 L X+20,000 Y+10,000
    RL F180 ML3
```

Notes

Tool position in the illustrations: Prior to program block execution, the tool is at the start position.

The color designation has the following meaning unless otherwise stated in the specific diagrams (e.g. explanation of cycles).



Dimensions	Absolute	
	Incremental	
	Positive angle (counter-clockwise)	PA/ROT + 
	Negative angle (clockwise)	PA/ROT - 
	Positive rotation	DR + 
	Negative rotation	DR - 
Tool path	Straight	
	Circular	
Radius compensation		RL/RR 

Path compensation

Radius compensation

Tool in milling direction

to the **left** of contour:

RL



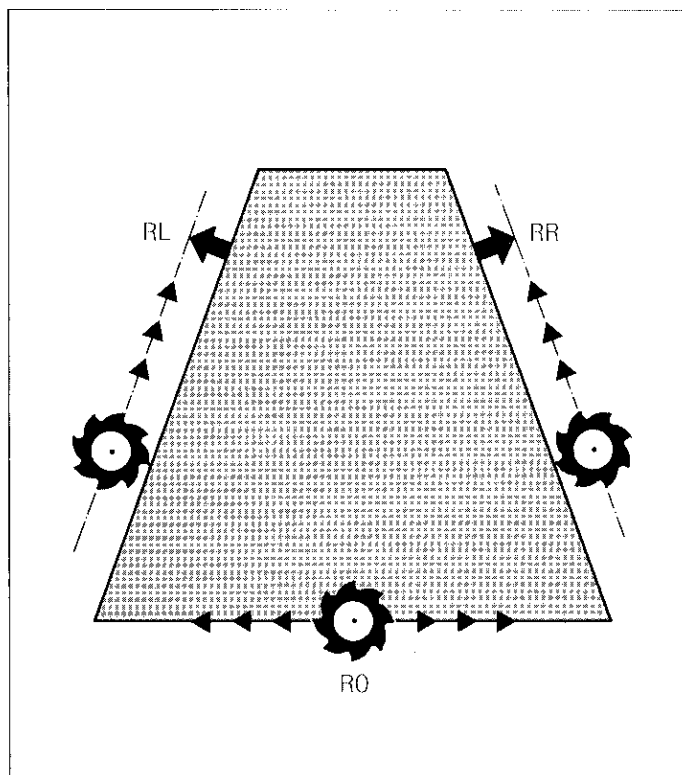
to the **right** of contour:

RR



on the contour:

R0



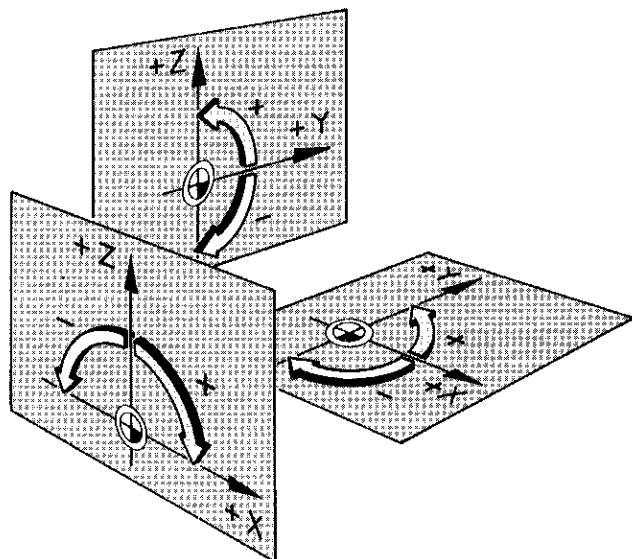
Reference axes

Working planes

The polar coordinates angle PA and rotation angle ROT are referenced to the reference axis:

Working plane	Reference axis	+ 90° axis
X, Y	+ X	+ Y
Y, Z	+ Y	+ Z
Z, X	+ Z	+ X

X, Y	+ X	+ Y
Y, Z	+ Y	+ Z
Z, X	+ Z	+ X



Tool definition

15 TOOL DEF 28

L+12,500

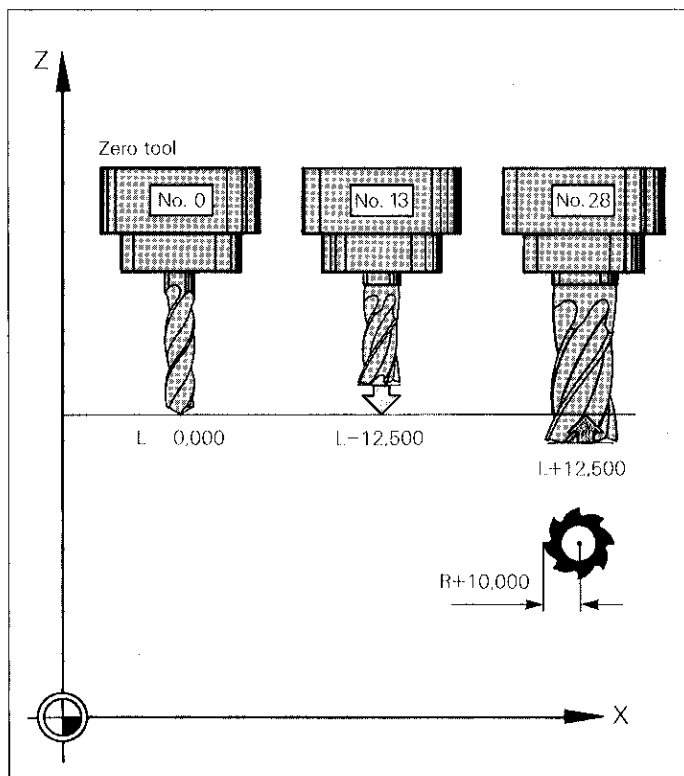
R+10,000

Tool length compensation:

Compensation values are referenced to the "zero tool".

Tools longer than the zero tool:
+ sign

Tools shorter than the zero tool:
- sign



```

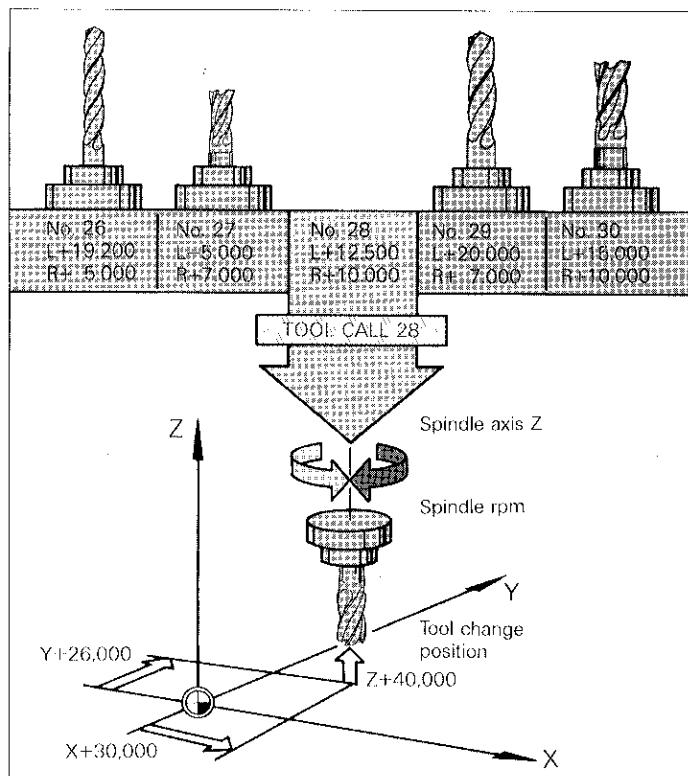
16 TOOL CALL 0      Z
    S
17 L  X+30,000      Y+26,000
    Z+40,000      R0 F      M
18 STOP
    M05
19 TOOL CALL 28     Z
    S 125,000
    
```

Cancellation of
current tool com-
pensation values

Tool change
position.

Program run STOP
(for manual tool
change)

Call-up of next tool
with appropriate
compensation
values.



When traversing to
the tool change
position, take care
that the tool does
not collide with the
workpiece!

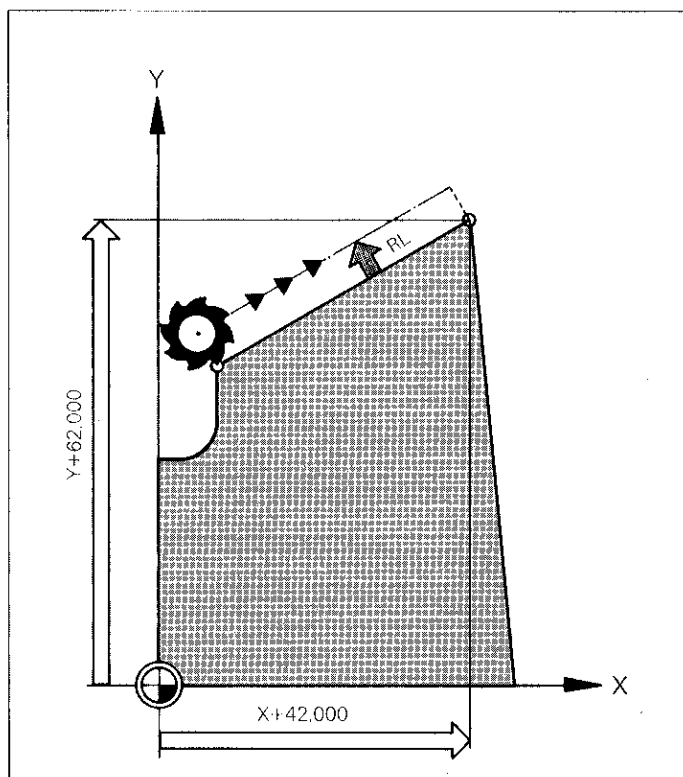
The rotating direc-
tion of the spindle
is determined by an
auxiliary function:
M03/M04 or
M13/M14
(right/left)



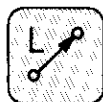
Linear milling

Cartesian (right-angled) coordinates

49 L X+42,000 Y+62,000
RL F180 M

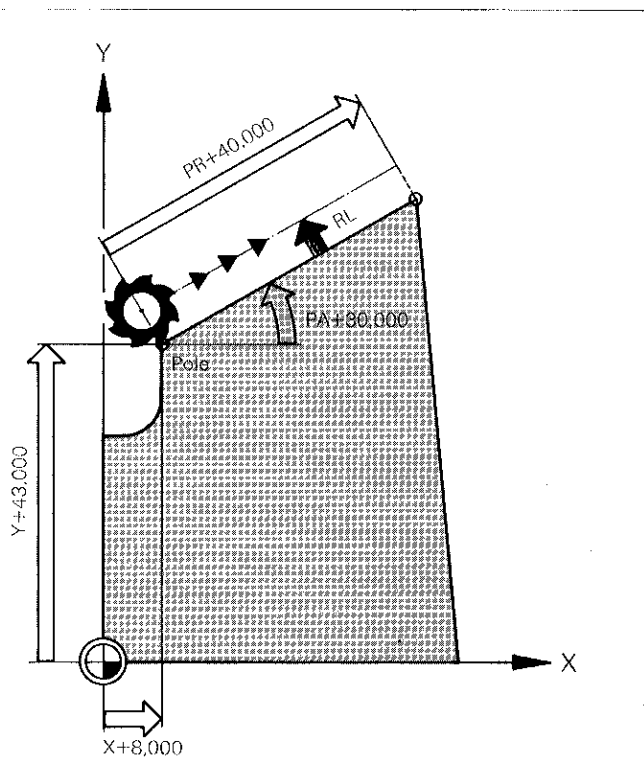


Linear milling



Polar coordinates

```
57 CC X+8,000 Y+43,000
58 LP PR+40,000 PA+30,000
RL F M
```



Before entry of polar coordinates, define pole via the CC-key.

The pole must be programmed in Cartesian coordinates only!

If the pole remains the same for several blocks, a new entry is not required.



Chamfer side length L



Notes





Circular interpolation

Specification via center and end position
End position in Cartesian (right-angled) coordinates

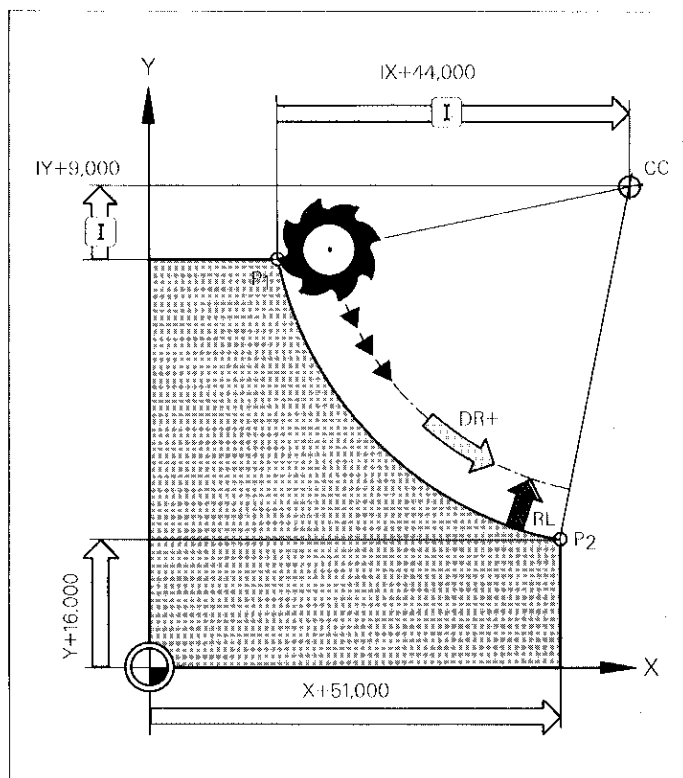
Circle center	5	CC	IX+44,000	IY+9,000
Contour position P2	6	C	X+51,000	Y+16,000
			DR+ RL F120	M

Contour position
P₁ (X16/Y51) has
been previously
approached.



● CC in absolute
dimension is
referenced to the
program zero
point.

● CC in incremental
dimension is
referenced to the
previous contour
position.



Circular interpolation

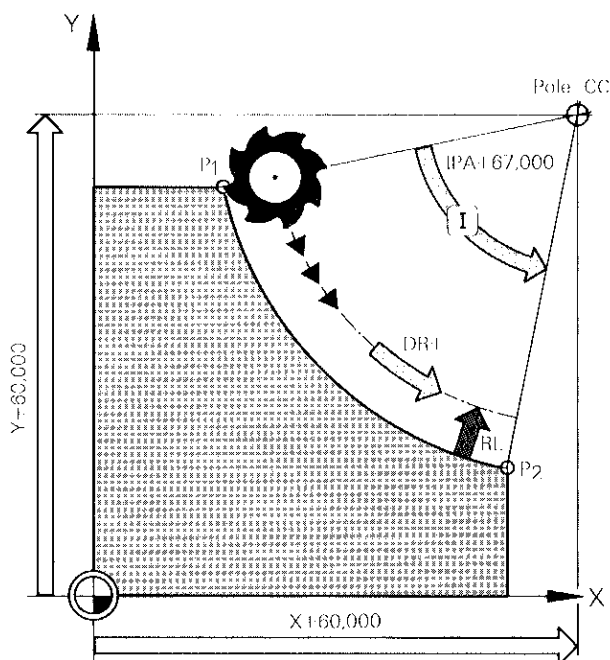
Specification via center and end position
End position in polar coordinates



```
5 CC X+60,000 Y+60,000
6 CP IPA+67,000
   DR+ RL F120 M
```

Circle center/pole

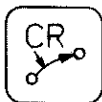
Contour position P2



Before entry of
polar coordinates,
define pole via the
CC-key.

The pole must be
programmed in
Cartesian coordi-
nates only!

Determination of the
arc end position
only with polar co-
ordinate angle PA.



Circular milling

Specification via radius and end position

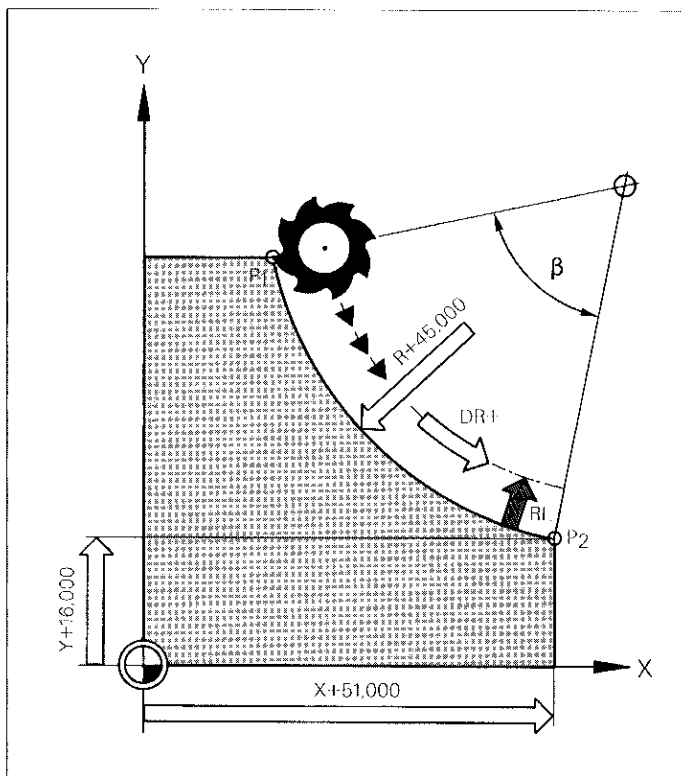
Contour position P_2

```
6 CR X+51,000 Y+16,000
R+45,000 DR+ RL F120 M
```

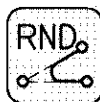
Circle radius Sign R:

Center angle β
less than 180° : R+

Center angle β
greater than 180° : R-
R-



Rounding of corners



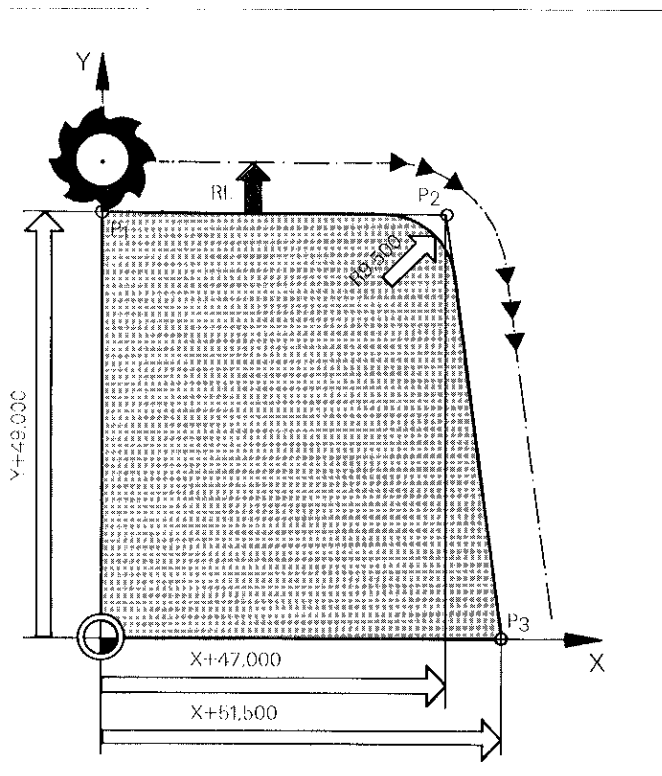
```

39 L X+47,000 Y+49,000
      RL F120 M
40 RND R9,500
      F80
41 L X+51,500 Y+0,000
      R F120 M
    
```

Auxiliary position P₂

Rounding off radius R

Contour position P₃



Before and after an RND block a positioning block containing both coordinates of the machining plane must be programmed.



Circular milling

Tangential contour connection Cartesian coordinates

End position P₂
of straight

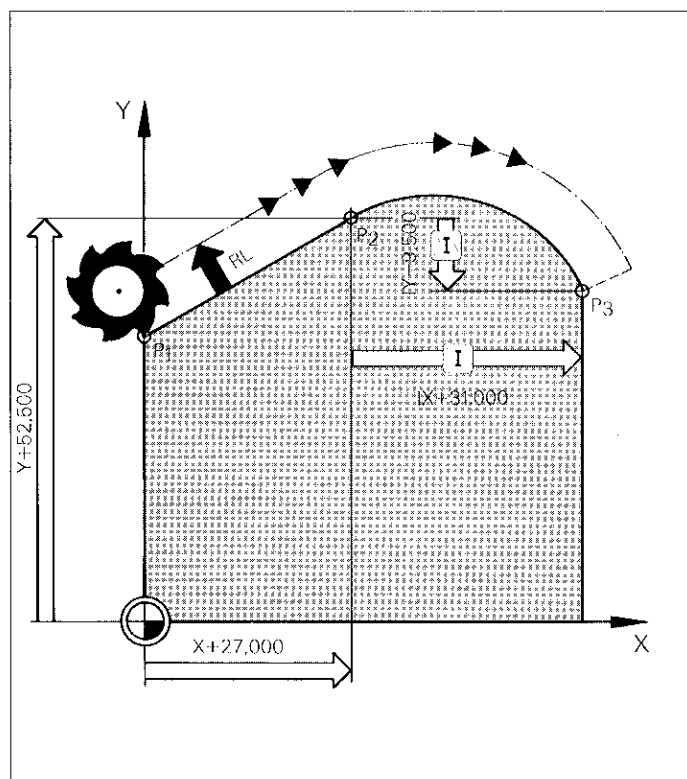
End position P₃
of connecting arc

```

21 L X+27,000 Y+52,500
    RL F100 M
22 CT IX+31,000 IY-9,500
    RL F M
  
```



A contour element
(straight or arc)
having coordinates
within the same
working plane must
already be pro-
grammed before the
connecting arc.



Circular milling



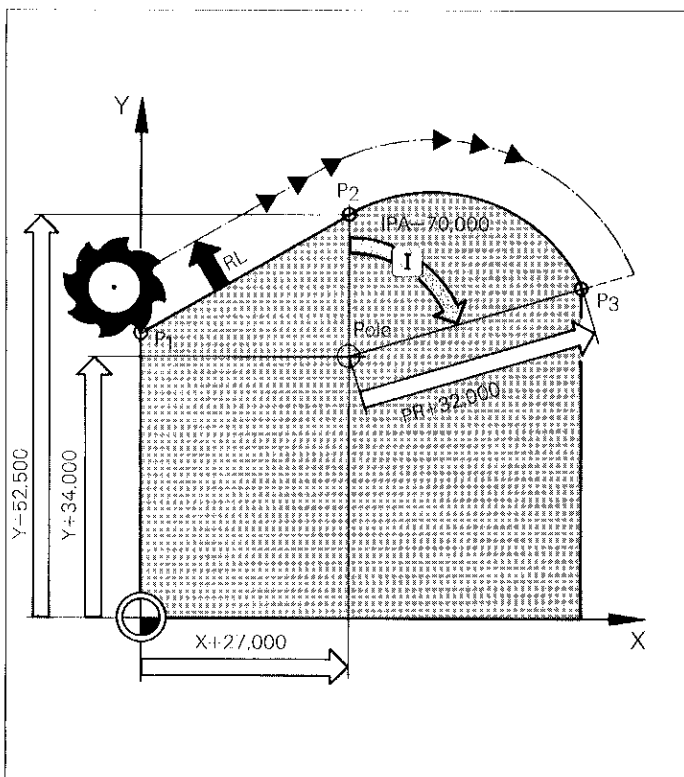
Tangential contour connection Polar coordinates

```

45 L X+27,000 Y+52,500
    RL F100 M
46 CC X+27,000 Y+34,000
47 CIP PR+32,000 IPA-70,000
    R F M
    
```

End position P₂ of
straight

End position P₃ of
connecting arc



Before entry of
polar coordinates,
define pole via the
CC-key.

The pole must be
defined in Cartesian
coordinates only.

A contour element
(straight or arc)
having coordinates
within the same
working plane must
already be program-
med before the
connecting arc.



Helical interpolation

```

64 CC X+30,000      Y+21,000
65 CP IPA-2520,000  IZ-12,000
                        DR- RL F80      M
  
```



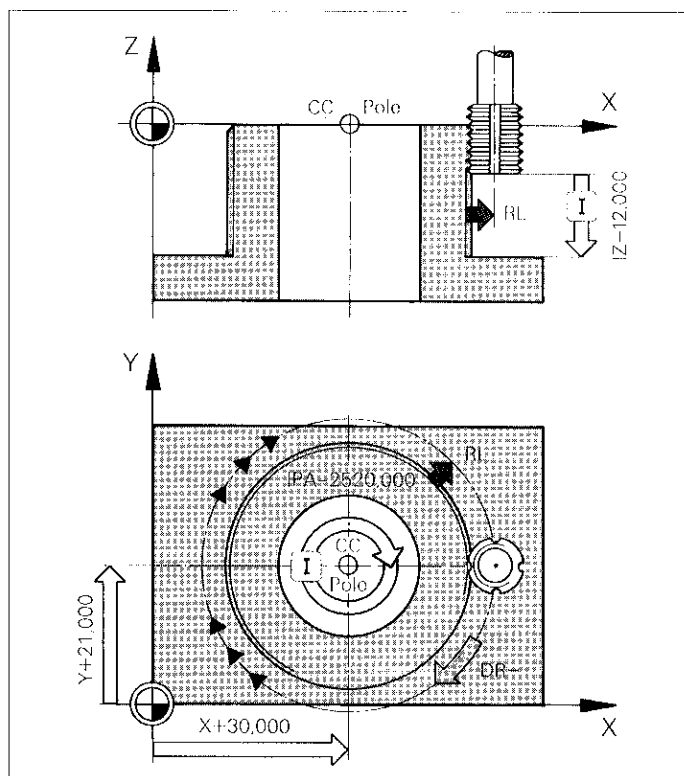
Define pole CC beforehand and approach to starting position.

Specify angle PA in incremental only!

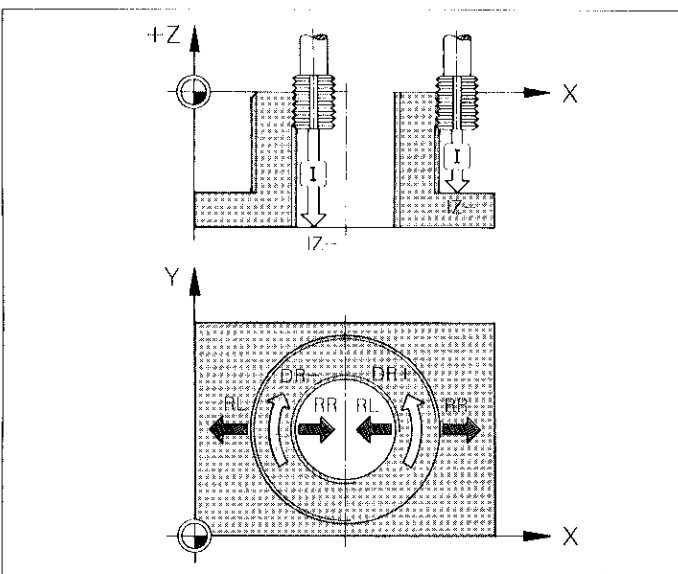
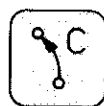
Polar co-ordinates angle PA is calculated as follows:

$$PA = 360 \times IZ/P$$

IZ: Downfeed distance
P: Pitch of thread



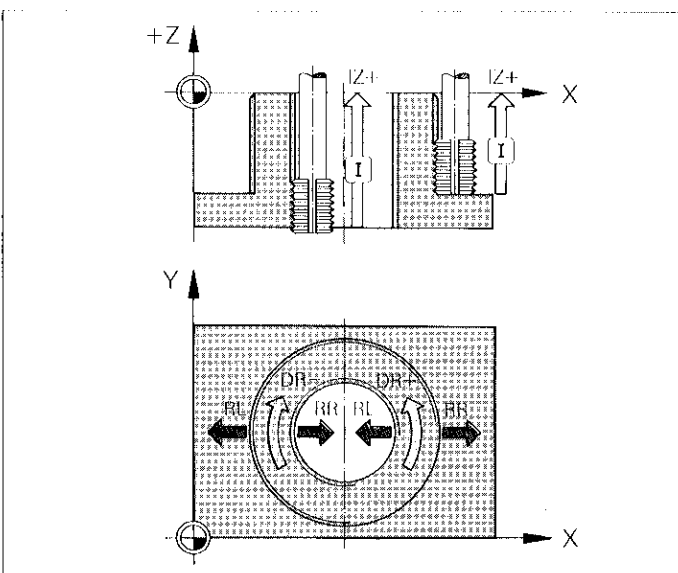
Helical interpolation



Right-hand thread
External: down-cut
milling
Internal: up-cut
milling



Left-hand thread
External: up-cut
milling
Internal: down cut
milling



Right-hand thread
External: up-cut
milling
Internal: down-cut
milling



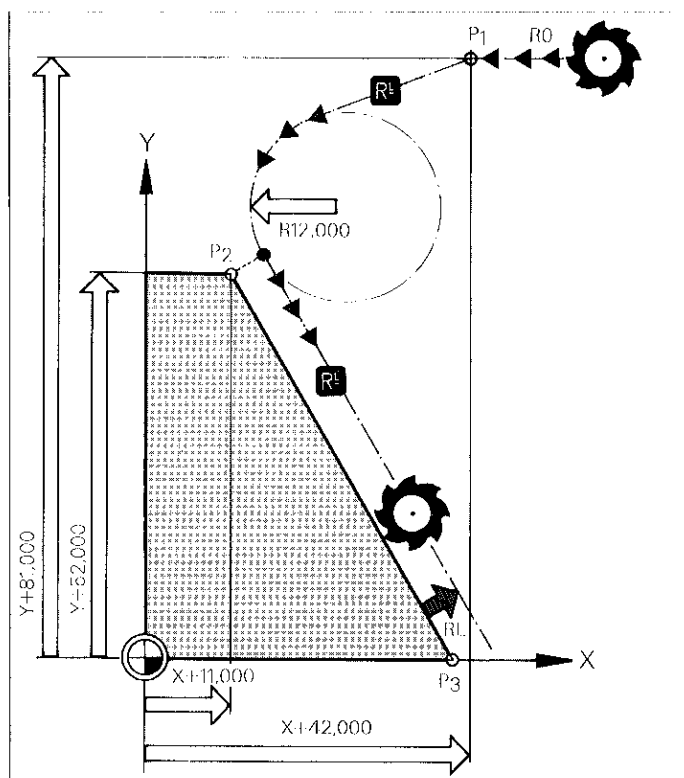
Left-hand thread
External: down-cut
milling
Internal: up-cut
milling

Contour approach on an arc

Starting position P ₁ with R0	79 L X+42,000 Y+81,000	R0 F15999 M
Contour position P ₂ with RL (RR)	80 L X+11,000 Y+52,000	RL F80 M
Rounding off radius	81. RND R12,000	F



Before and after an RND block a positioning block containing both coordinates of the machining plane must be programmed.



Contour departure on an arc

```
89 L X+36,000 Y+18,000 RL F80 M
```

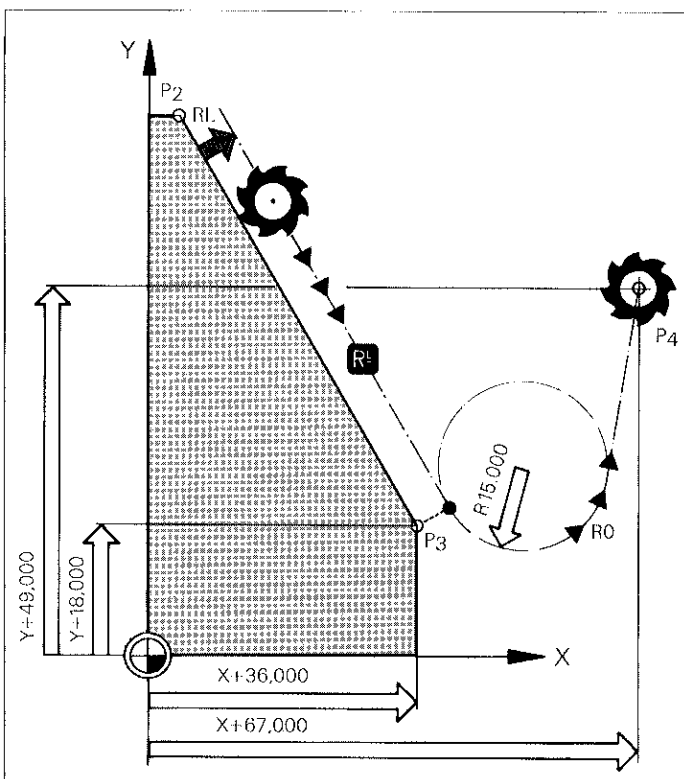
Contour position P3
with RL (RR)

```
90 RND R15,000
```

Rounding off radius

```
91 L X+67,000 Y+49,000 R0 F15999 M
```

End position P4
with R0



Before and after
an RND block a
positioning block
containing both
coordinates of
the machining
plane must be pro-
grammed.

Contour approach and departure on a straight path

Path angle $\alpha = 180^\circ$

Starting position
P₁ with RL (RR)

28 L X+11,000 Y+72,000
RL F15999 M

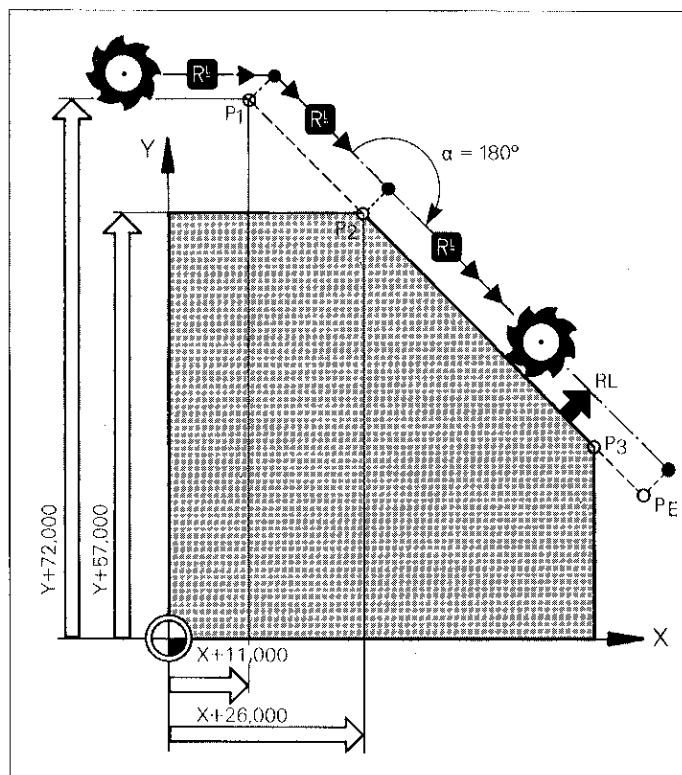
Contour position
P₂ with RL (RR)

29 L X+26,000 Y+57,000
RL F120 M

Program structure
for contour
departure:

Last contour posi-
tion with RL (RR),

Finishing position
P_E with RL (RR).



Contour approach and departure on a straight path

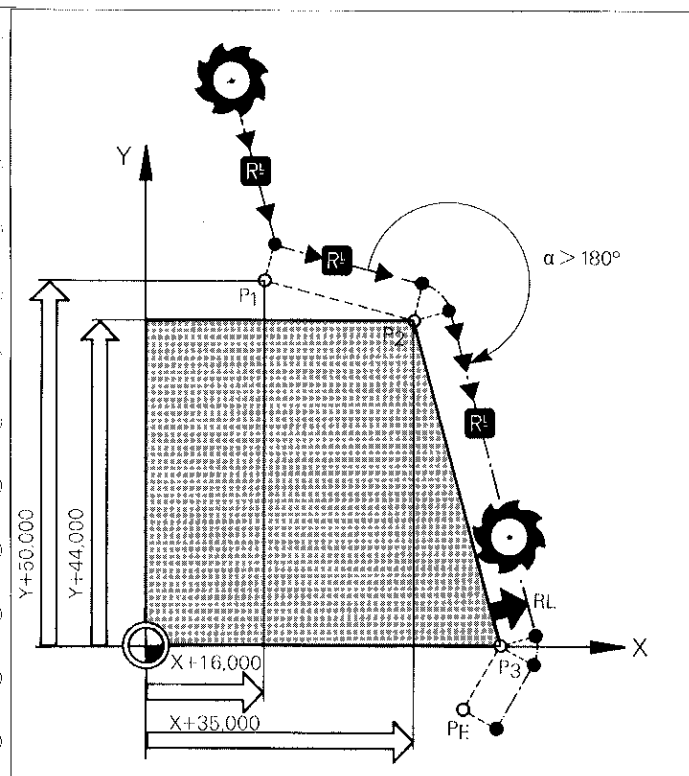
Path angle α greater than 180°

```

12 L  X+16,000      Y+50,000
      RL F15999 M
13 L  X+35,000      Y+44,000
      RL F80 M
    
```

Starting position
P₁ with RL (RR)

Contour position
P₂ with RL (RR)



Program structure
for contour
departure:

Last contour posi-
tion with RL (RR),

Finishing position P_E
with RL (RR).

Contour approach and departure on a straight path

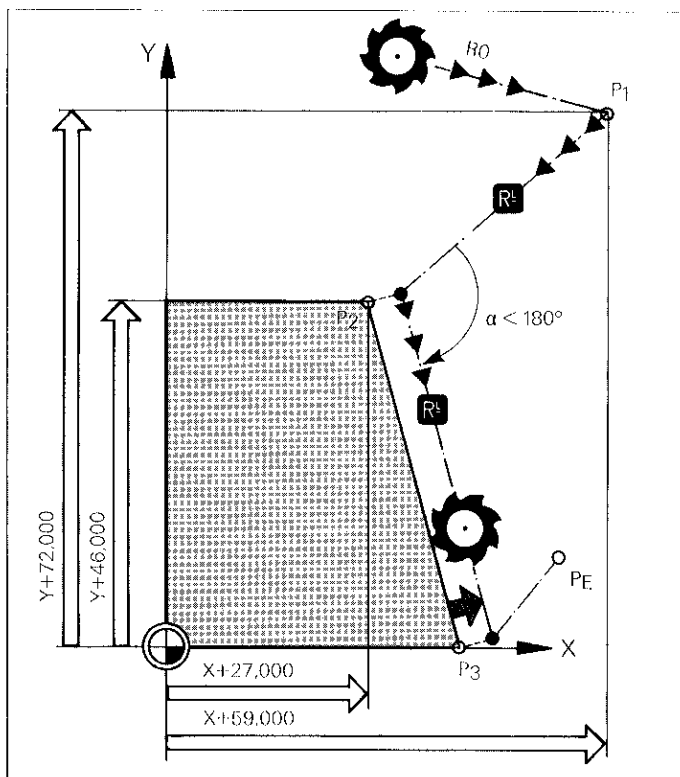
Path angle α less than 180°

Starting position
P1 with RL (RR)

75 L X+59,000 Y+72,000
R0 F15999 M

Contour position
P2 with RL (RR)

76 L X+27,000 Y+46,000
RL F120 M



Program structure
for contour
departure:

Last contour position with RL (RR),

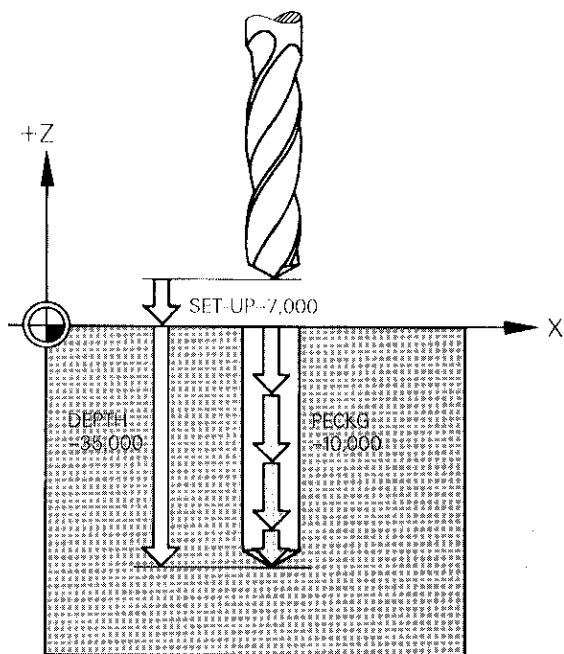
Finishing position P_E with R_0 .

Notes



Peck-drilling

```
12 CYCL DEF 1.0 PECKING
13 CYCL DEF 1.1 SET-UP -7,000
14 CYCL DEF 1.2 DEPTH -35,000
15 CYCL DEF 1.3 PECKG -10,000
16 CYCL DEF 1.4 DWELL 1,000
17 CYCL DEF 1.5 F180
```

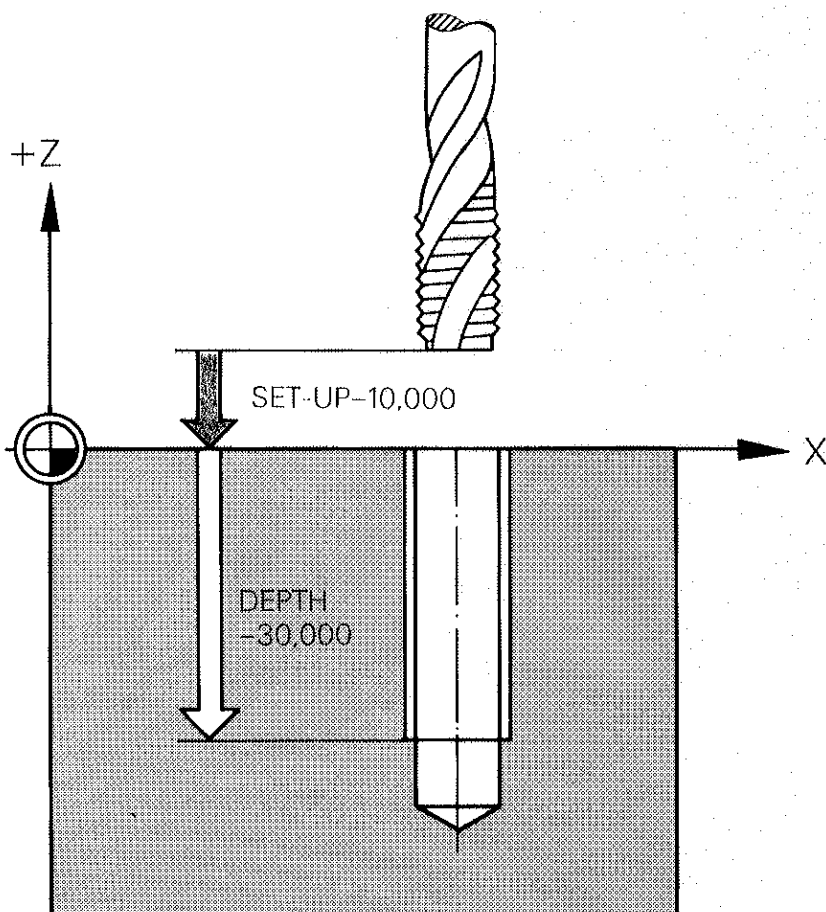


Arithmetical signs of cycle parameters are entered in accordance with the direction of tool movement.

Tapping

CYCL
DEF

```
55 CYCL DEF 2.0 TAPPING
56 CYCL DEF 2.1 SET-UP -10,000
57 CYCL DEF 2.2 DEPTH -30,000
58 CYCL DEF 2.3 DWELL 1,000
59 CYCL DEF 2.4 F100
```



A chuck with length compensation is recommended for the tapping cycle.

Arithmetical signs of cycle parameters are entered in accordance with the direction of tool movement.

Feed rate calculation F:

$$F = S \times P$$

S: Spindle rpm
P: Thread pitch

Slot milling

```
14 CYCL DEF 3.0 SLOT MILLING
15 CYCL DEF 3.1 SET-UP -6,000
16 CYCL DEF 3.2 DEPTH -13,000
17 CYCL DEF 3.3 PECKG -6,500
    F60
18 CYCL DEF 3.4 X-30,500
19 CYCL DEF 3.5 Y+10,500
20 CYCL DEF 3.6 F180
```

Slot length

Slot width

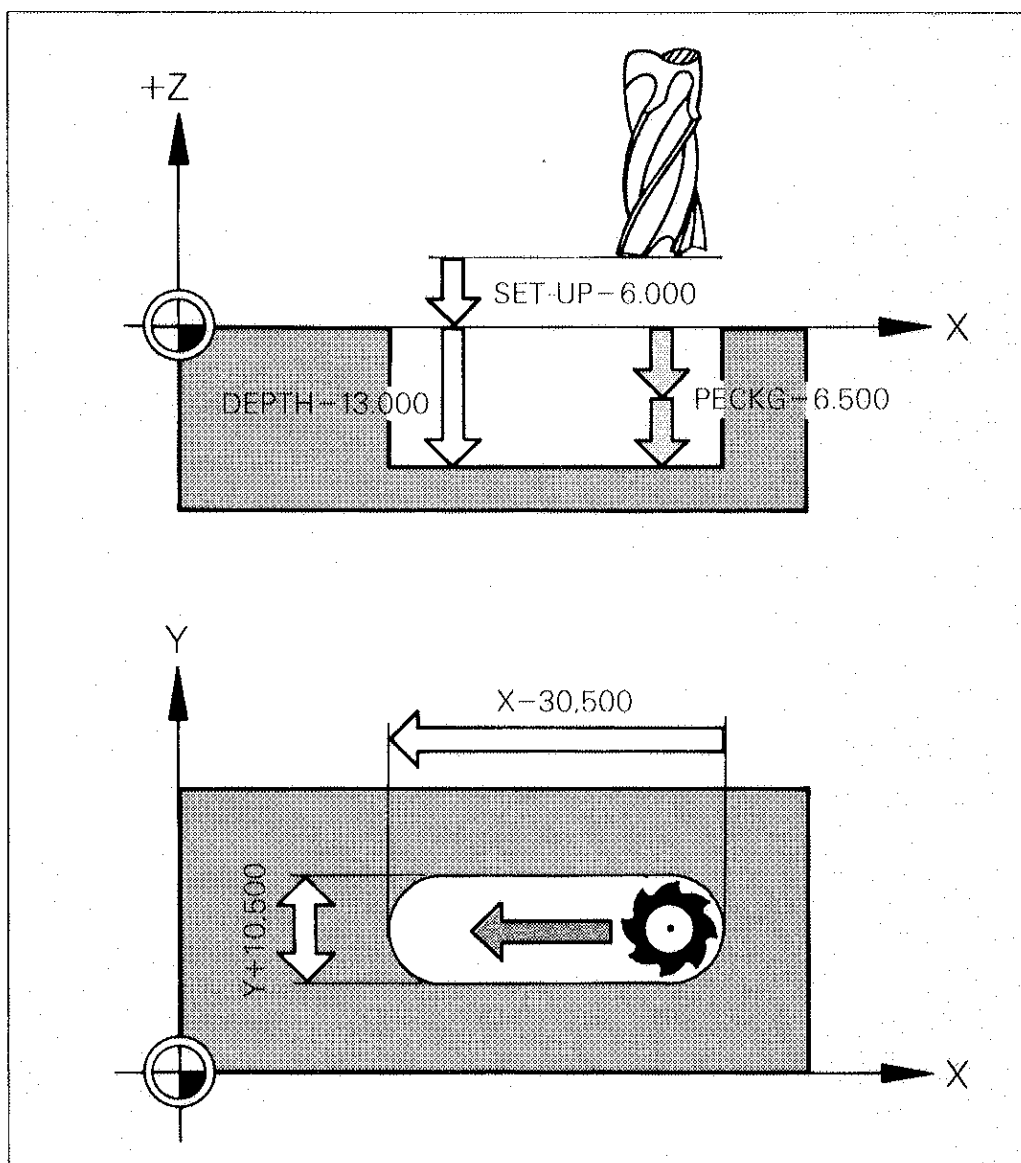
Arithmetical signs of cycle parameters are entered in accordance with the direction of tool movement.

The sign for the first side length depends on the direction of tool movement:

Positive axis direction +

Negative axis direction -

The sign for the second side length is always positive.



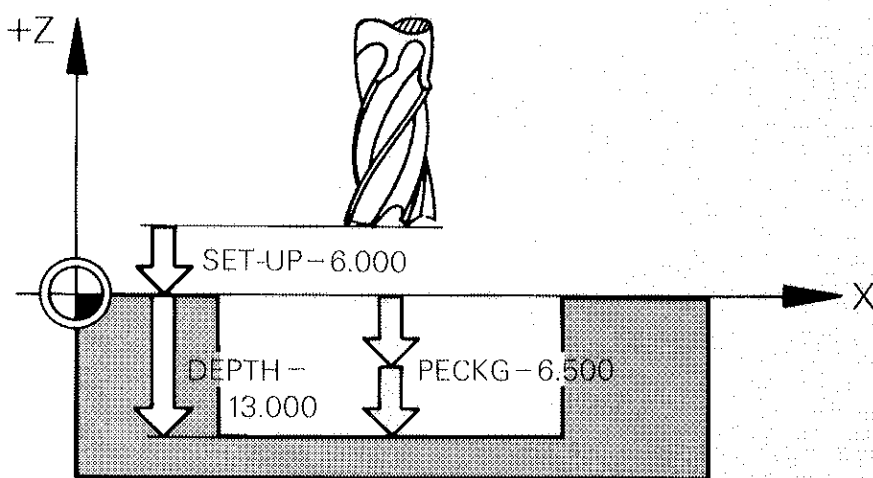
Rectangular pocket milling

CYCL
DEF

```

45 CYCL DEF 4.0 POCKET MILLING
46 CYCL DEF 4.1 SET-UP -6,000
47 CYCL DEF 4.2 DEPTH -13,000
48 CYCL DEF 4.3 PECKG -6,500
  F40
49 CYCL DEF 4.4 X+31,000
50 CYCL DEF 4.5 Y+26,000
51 CYCL DEF 4.6 F140 DR+
  
```

First side length
Second side length



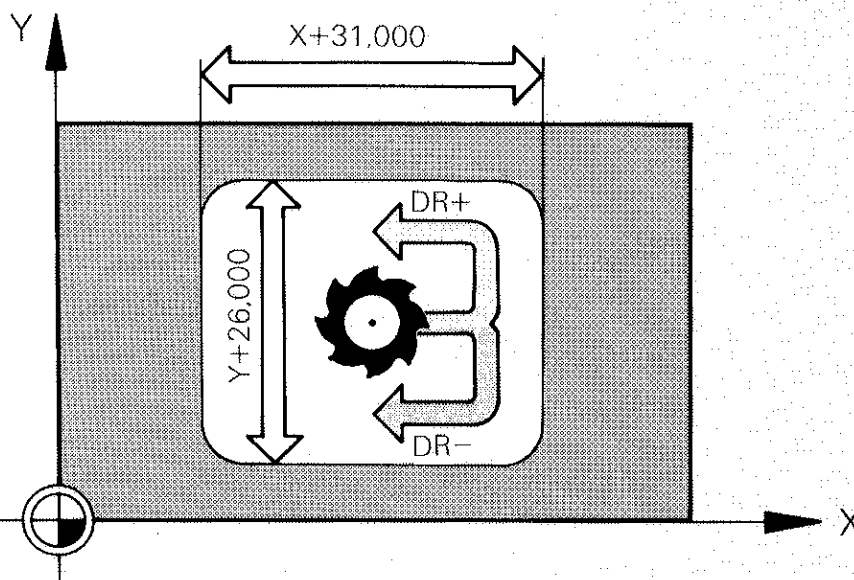
Arithmetical signs of cycle parameters are entered in accordance with the direction of tool movement.

Signs for both side lengths are always positive.

DR+: down-cut milling

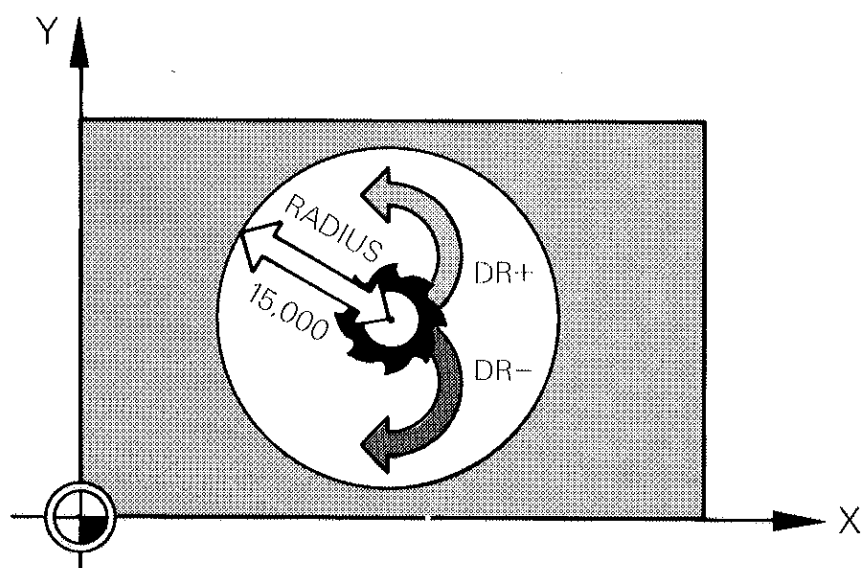
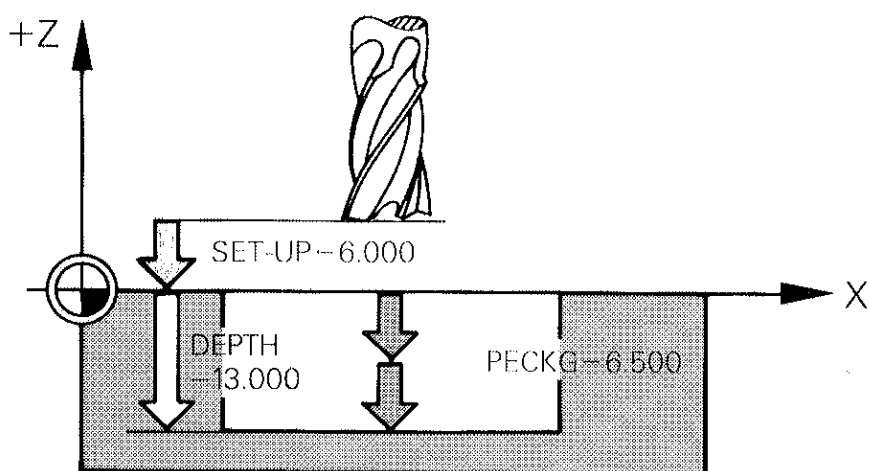
DR-: up-cut milling

Starting direction: positive axis direction of longer side.



Circular pocket milling

```
44 CYCL DEF 5.0 CIRCULAR POCKET
45 CYCL DEF 5.1 SET-UP -6,000
46 CYCL DEF 5.2 DEPTH -13,000
47 CYCL DEF 5.3 PECKG -6,500
    F60
48 CYCL DEF 5.4 RADIUS 15,000
49 CYCL DEF 5.5 F120 DR-
```



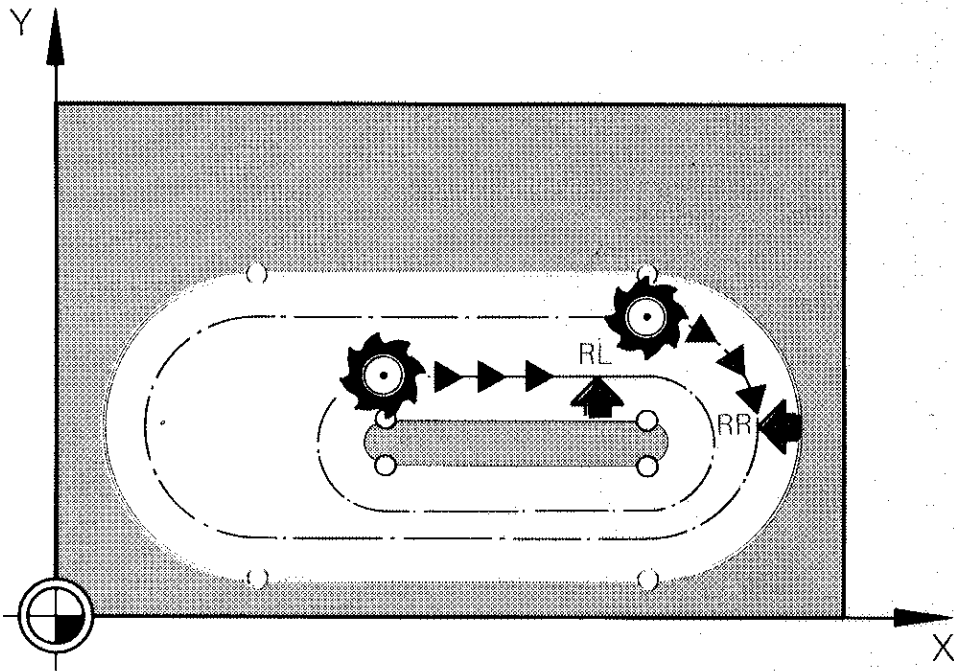
Arithmetical signs of cycle parameters are entered in accordance with the direction of tool movement.

DR+: down-cut milling

DR-: up-cut milling

Contour pocket

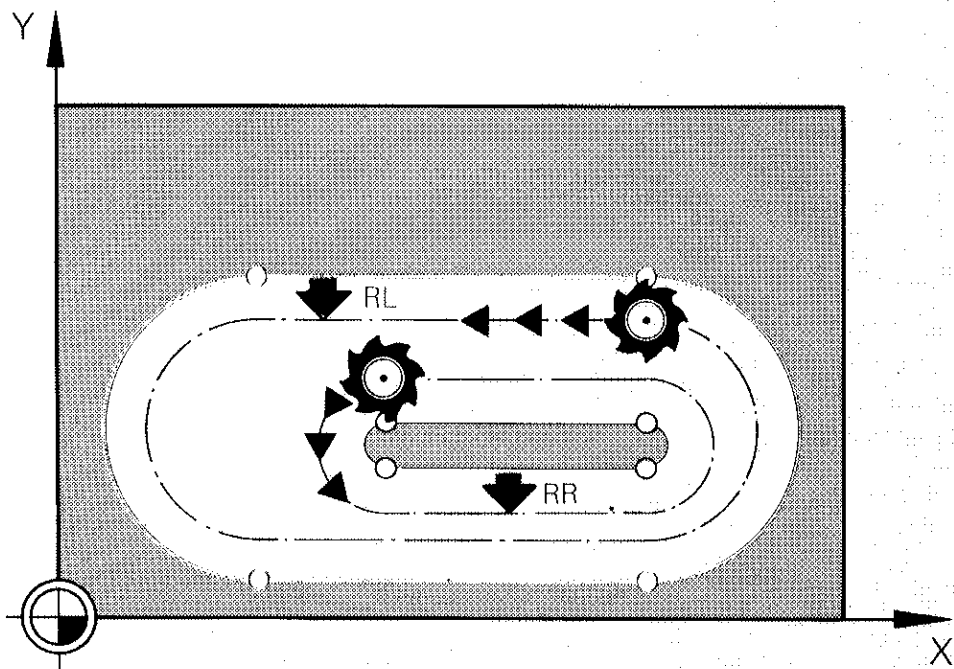
Contour definition: pocket and island



Programming of
contour positions in
clockwise direction

Pocket: $R = R - 1$
Radius
compensation RR

Island:
Radius
compensation RL



Programming of
contour positions in
counter-clockwise
direction

Pocket: $R = R + 1$
Radius
compensation RL

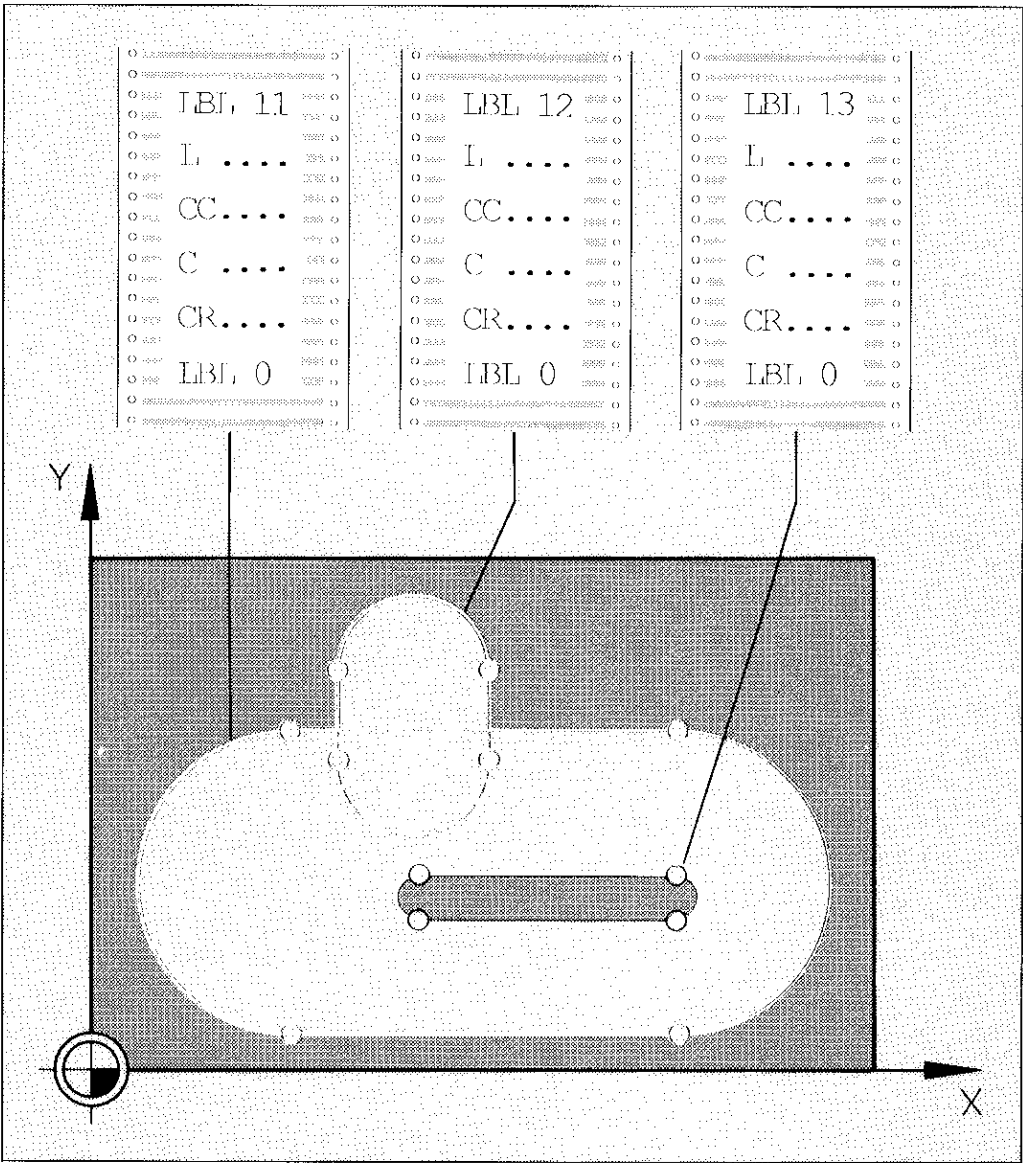
Island:
Radius
compensation RR

Contour pocket

Determination of subcontours

Label number of
subcontours

```
18 CYCL DEF 14.0 CONTOUR
19 CYCL DEF 14.1 CONTOUR LABEL
11 /12 /13
```



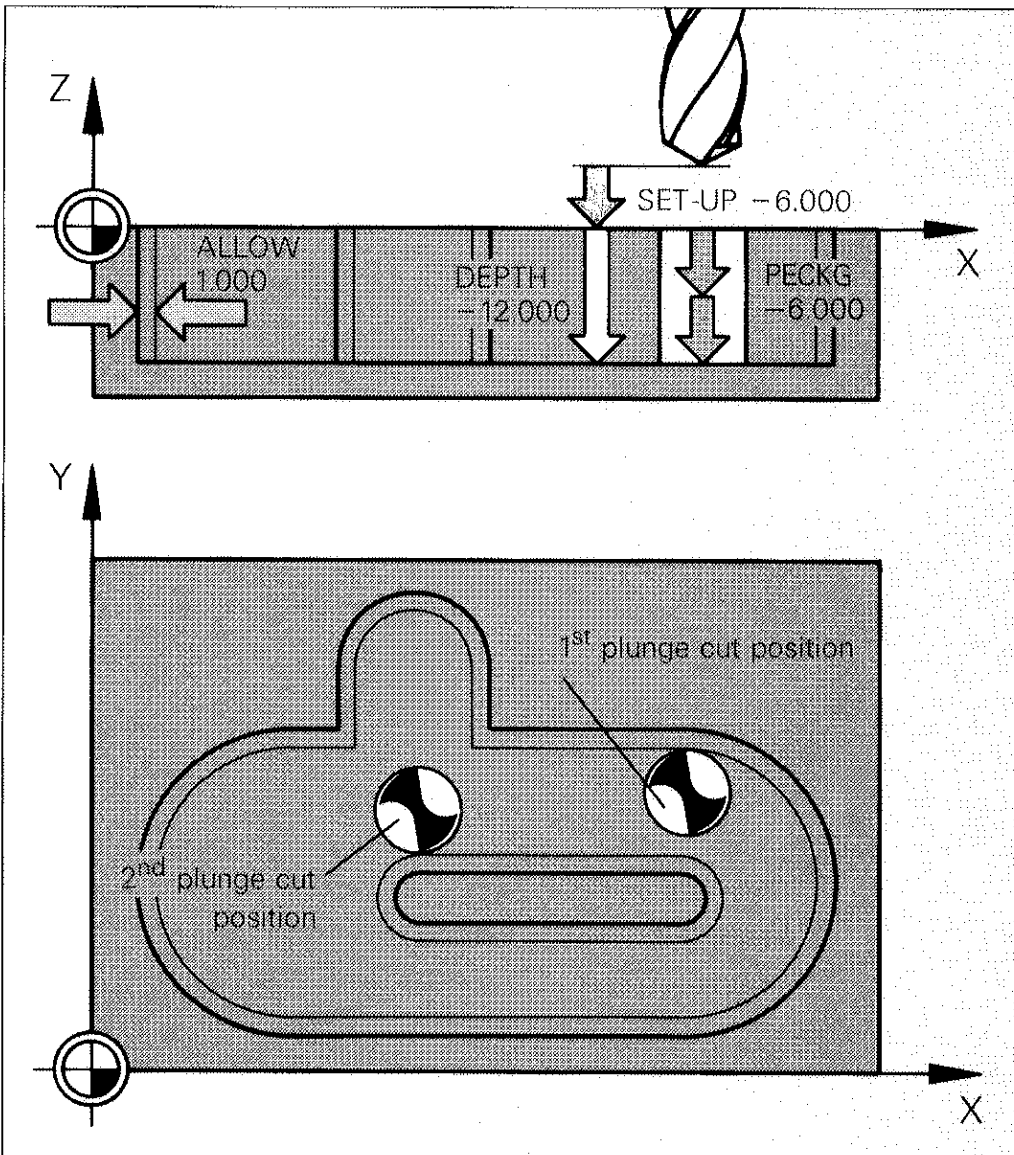
A pocket must be
programmed in the
first contour label.

Contour pocket

CYCL
DEF

Pilot-drill

```
23 CYCL DEF 15.0 PILOT DRILL
24 CYCL DEF 15.1 SET-UP -6,000
    DEPTH -12,000
25 CYCL DEF 15.2 PECKG -6,000
    F40 ALLOW+1,000
```



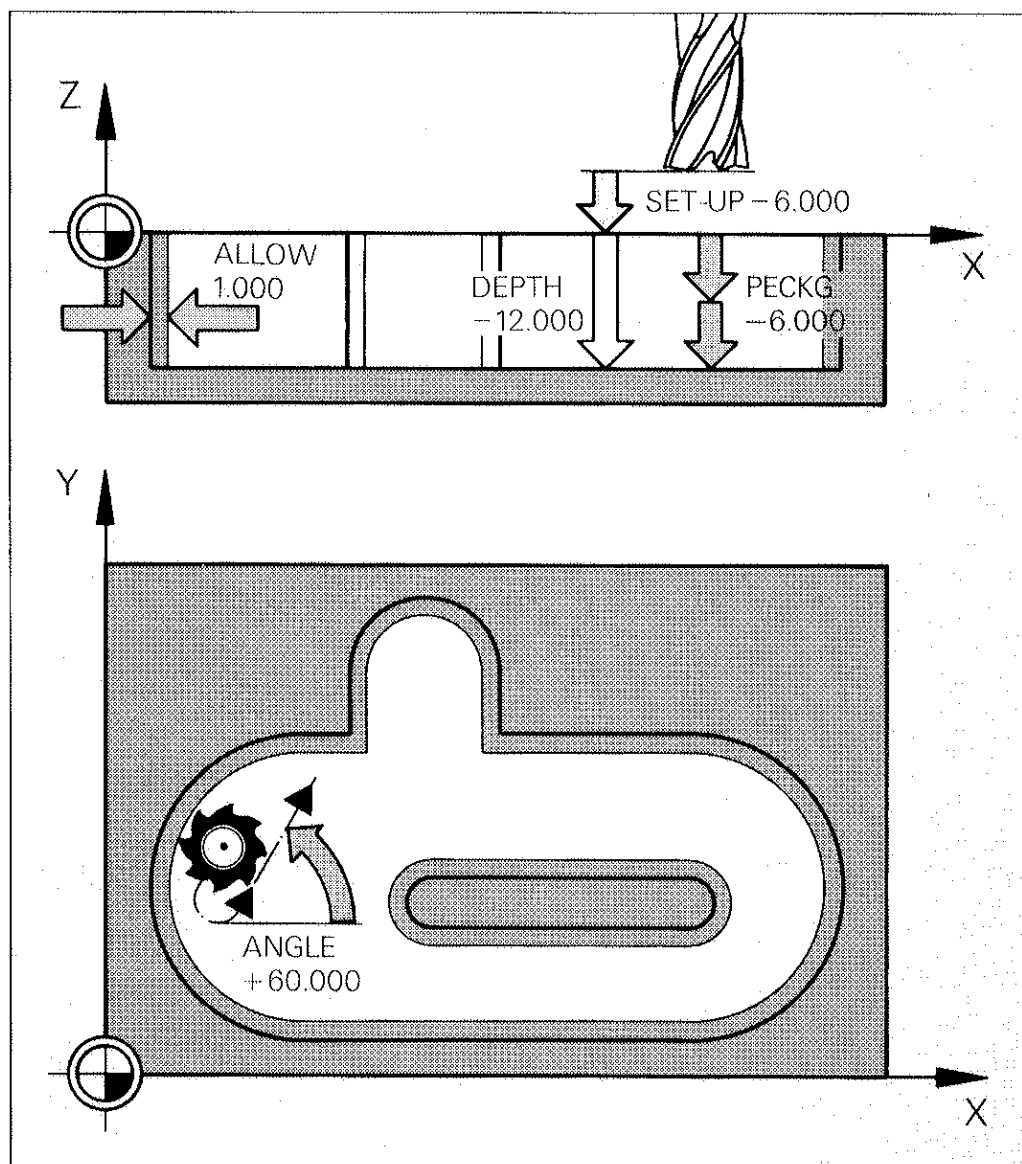
Arithmetical signs of cycle parameters are entered in accordance with the direction of tool movement.

Plunge cuts:
First contour positions programmed in the subprograms.

Contour pocket

Rough-out

```
34 CYCL DEF 6.0 ROUGH-OUT
35 CYCL DEF 6.1 SET-UP -6,000
    DEPTH -12,000
36 CYCL DEF 6.2 PECKG -6,000
    F40 ALLOW+1,000
37 CYCL DEF 6.3 ANGLE +60,000
    F120
```



Arithmetical signs of cycle parameters are entered in accordance with the direction of tool movement.

Starting positions: plunge cuts of pilot drill-cycle.

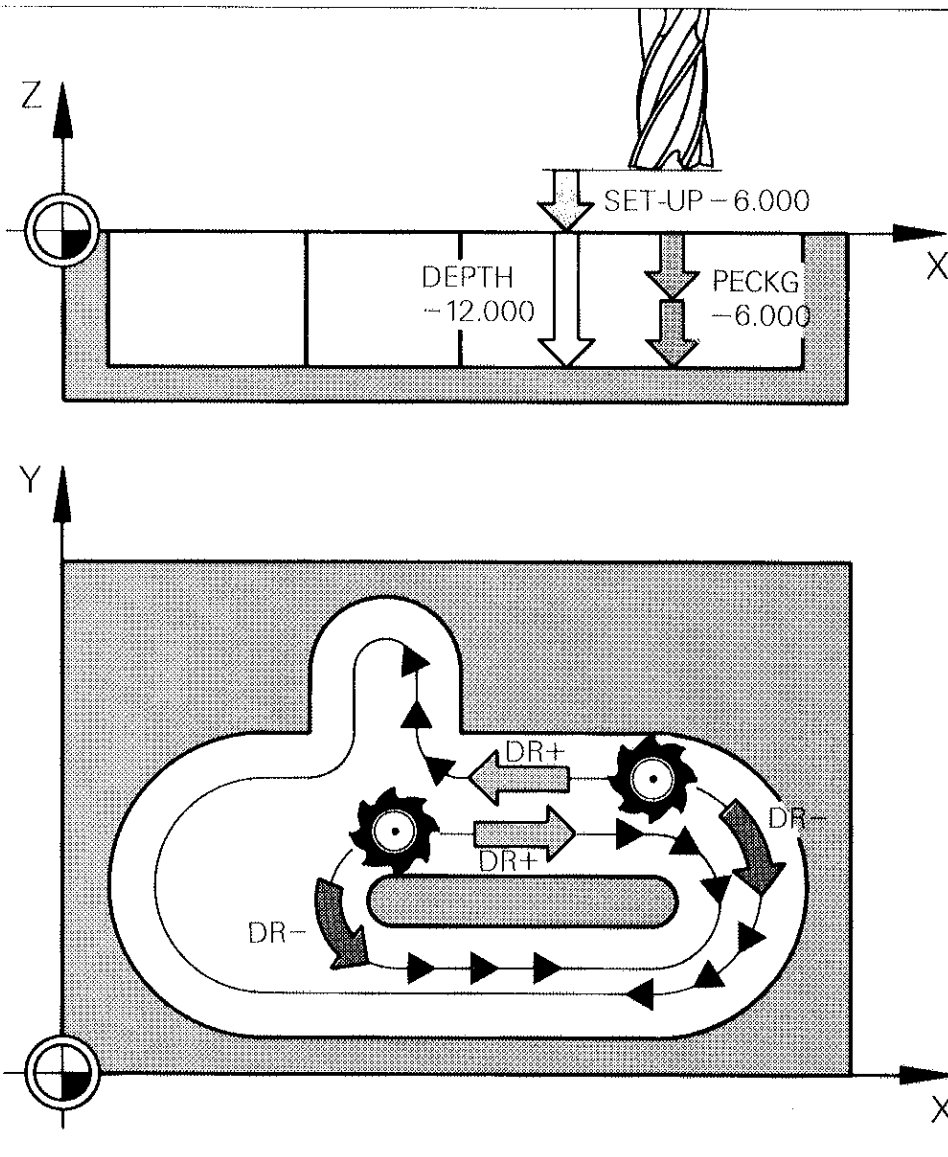
Contour pocket

CYCL
DEF

Contour milling (finish cut)

```
44 CYCL DEF 16.0 CONTOUR MILLING
45 CYCL DEF 16.1 SET-UP -6,000
      DEPTH -12,000
46 CYCL DEF 16.2 PECKG -6,000
      F60      DR-  F120
```

1st feed rate:
Pecking depth
2nd feed rate:
Contour milling



Arithmetical signs of cycle parameters are entered in accordance with the direction of tool movement

DR+: down-cut milling pocket and island

DR-: up-cut milling pocket and island

Starting positions: plunge cuts of pilot drill-cycle

Datum shift

Coordinate specification referenced to the absolute zero datum.

14	CYCL	DEF	7.0	DATUM SHIFT
15	CYCL	DEF	7.1	X+31,000
16	CYCL	DEF	7.2	Y+22,000

Datum shift is possible in all 4 axes.

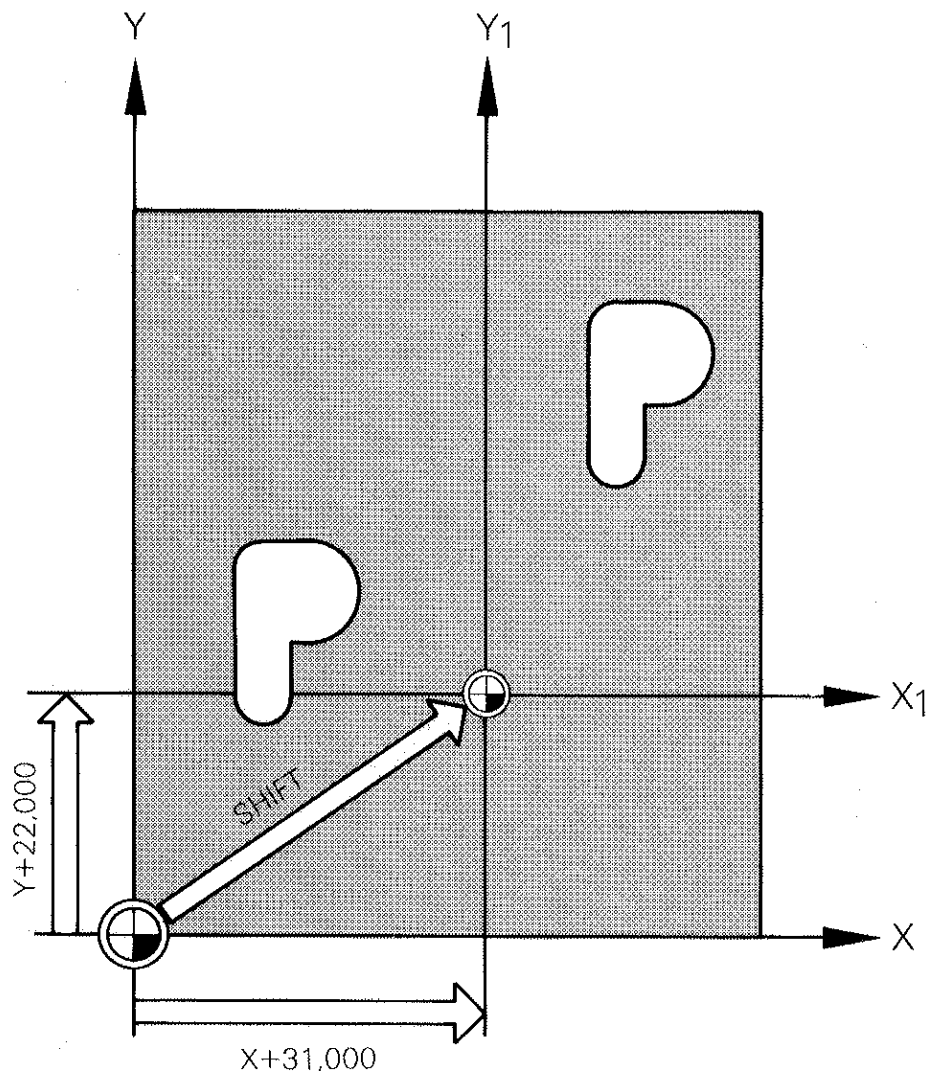
Coordinate specification absolute:
referenced to the absolute zero datum

incremental:
referenced to the last datum set

Cancellation of cycle:

CYCL DEF 7 with
X0.000/Y0.000
Z0.000/IV0.000

or M02 or M30
or END PGM.

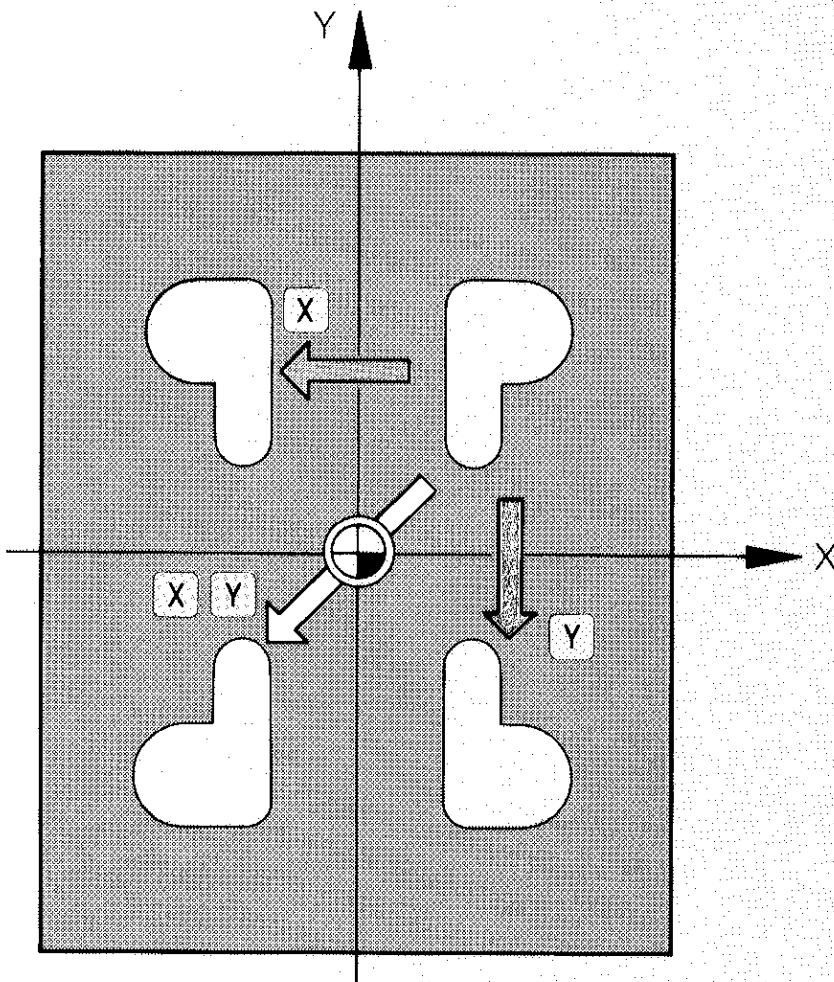


Mirror image

CYCL
DEF


```
23 CYCL DEF 8.0 MIRROR IMAGE
24 CYCL DEF 8.1 X
```

Sign change of X-
coordinates



In the working
plane, mirror image
is possible on max.
2 axes.

Cancellation of cycle:

CYCL DEF 8
Respond to mirror
image with 

or M02 or M30
or END PGM.

Coordinate system rotation

Rotation angle

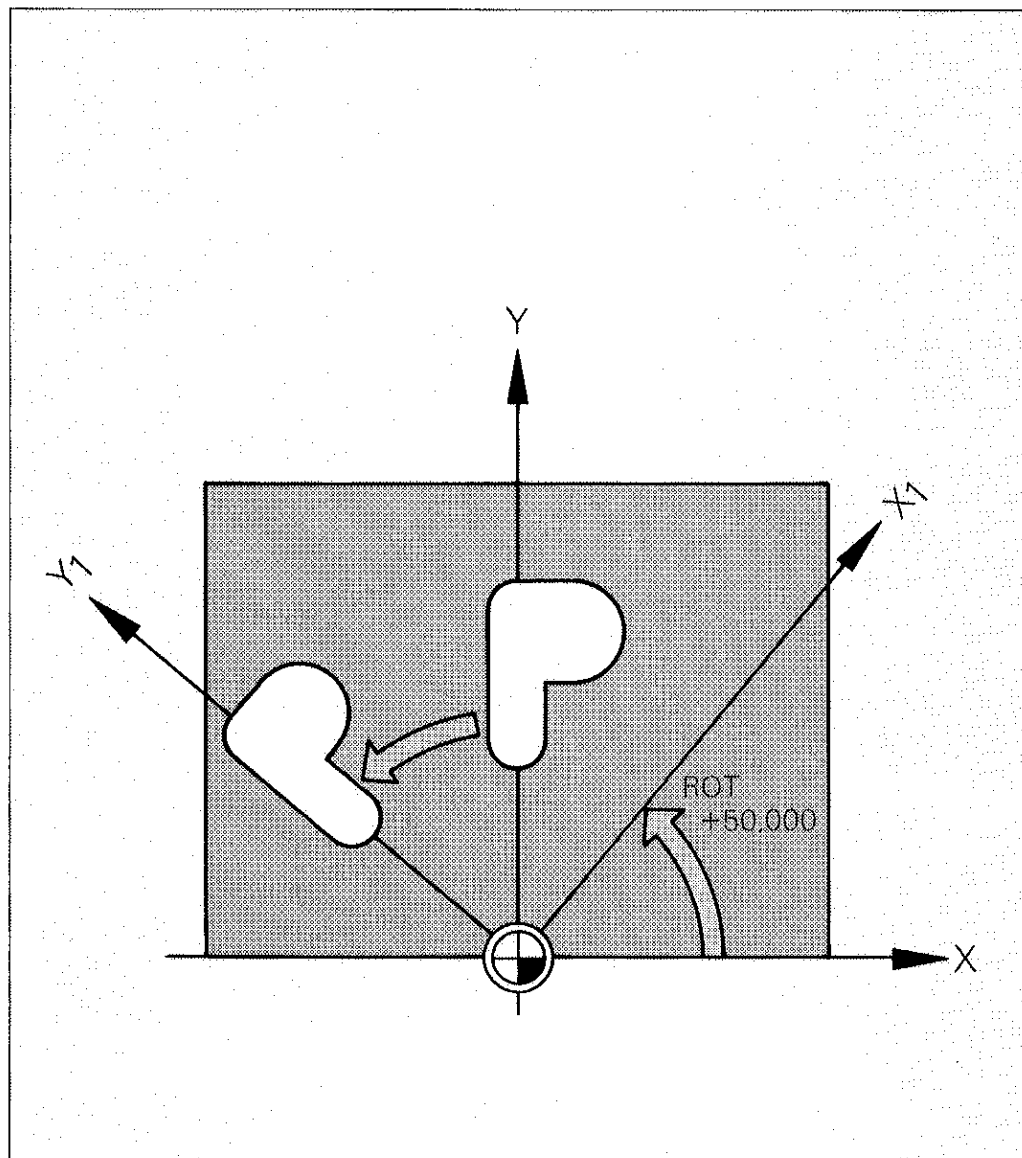
```
78 CYCL DEF 10.0 ROTATION  
79 CYCL DEF 10.1 ROT+50,000
```

Coordinate system rotation takes place in the working plane.

Cancellation of cycle:

CYCL DEF 10 with
ROT 0.000

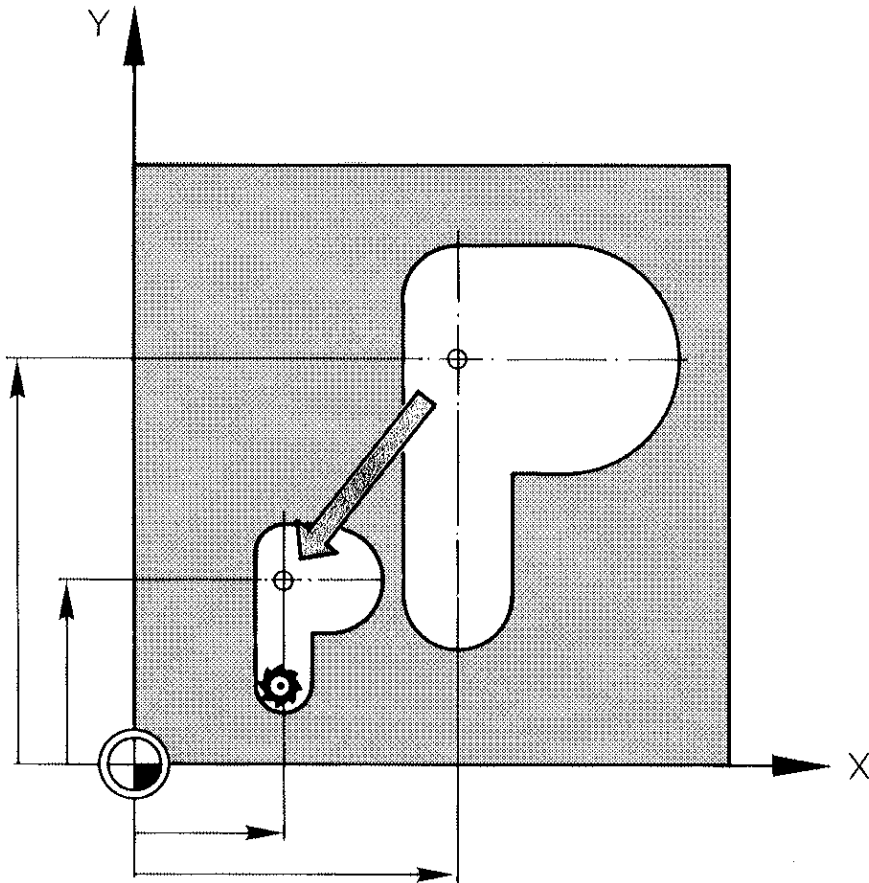
or M02 or M30
or END PGM.



Scaling

CYCL
DEF

```
98 CYCL DEF 11.0 SCALING
99 CYCL DEF 11.1 SCL 0,500000
```



With the scaling factor SCL, all subsequent coordinates and radii within the working plane or the three axes X, Y and Z are multiplied by the scaling factor. Angle values remain the same.

Cancellation of cycle:

CYCL DEF 11 with
SCL ↑:0

or M02 or M30
or END PGM.

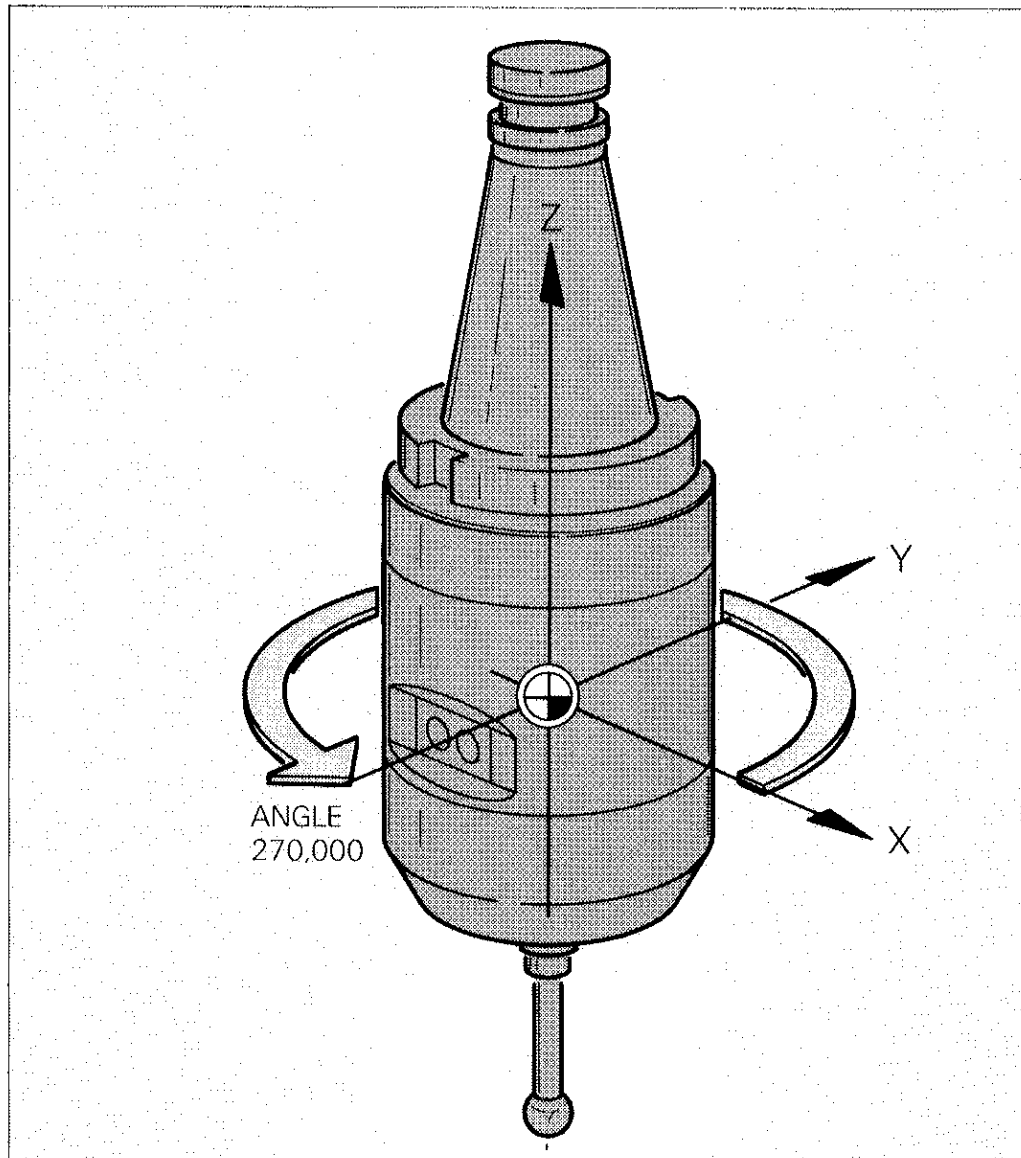


Spindle orientation

```
38 CYCL DEF 13.0 ORIENTATION
39 CYCL DEF 13.1 ANGLE 270,000
```



Cycle call is effected via a machine-specific M-function.



Notes



LBL
SET

LBL
CALL

Subprogram

Subprogram call

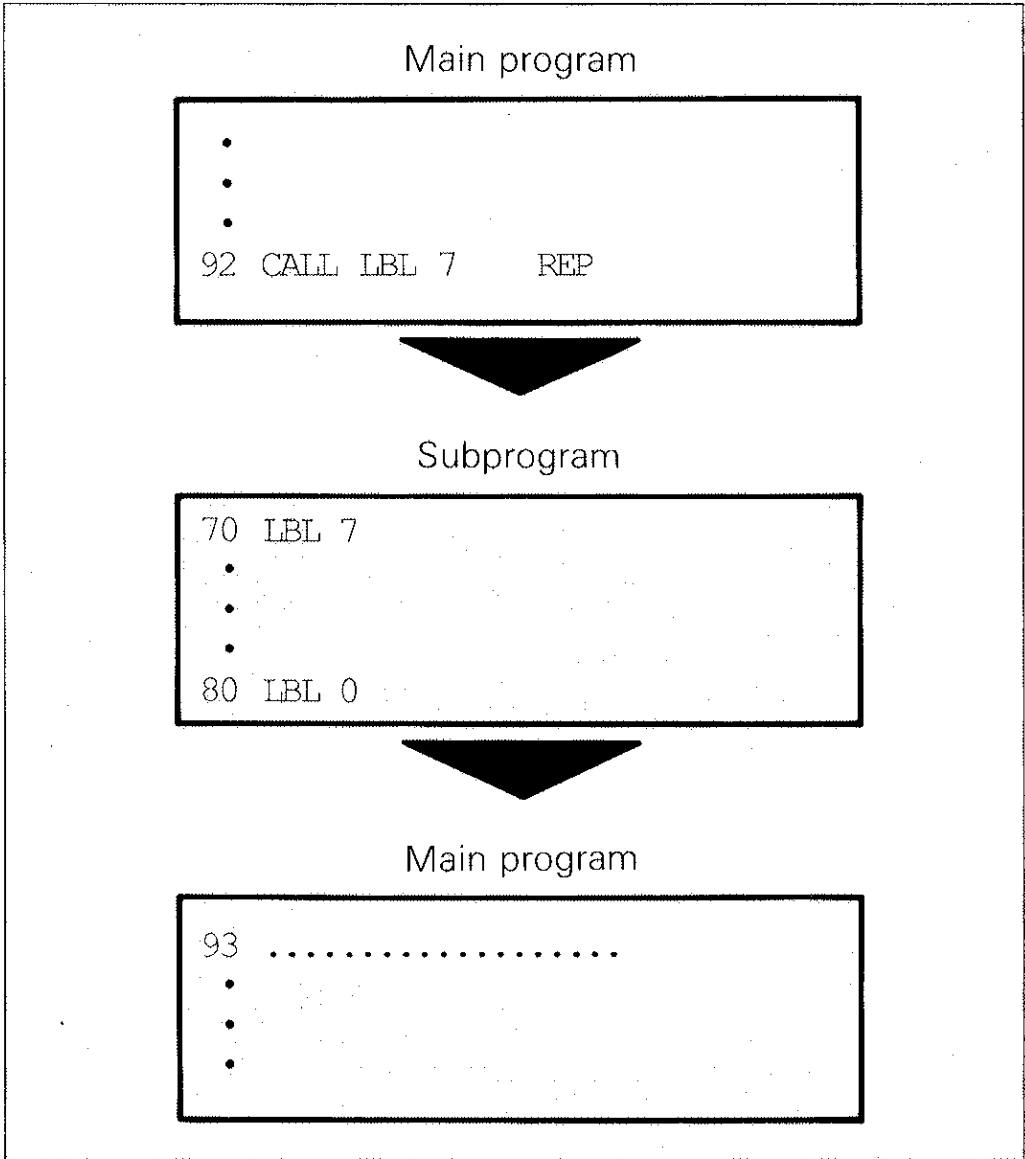
- Subprogram beginning
- Subprogram end
- Subprogram call

```
70 LBL7  
.  
80 LBL 0  
.  
92 CALL LBL 7 REP
```

Main program and subprogram form parts of a complete program.



With a subprogram call, repetitions (REP) must not be programmed.



Program part repeat

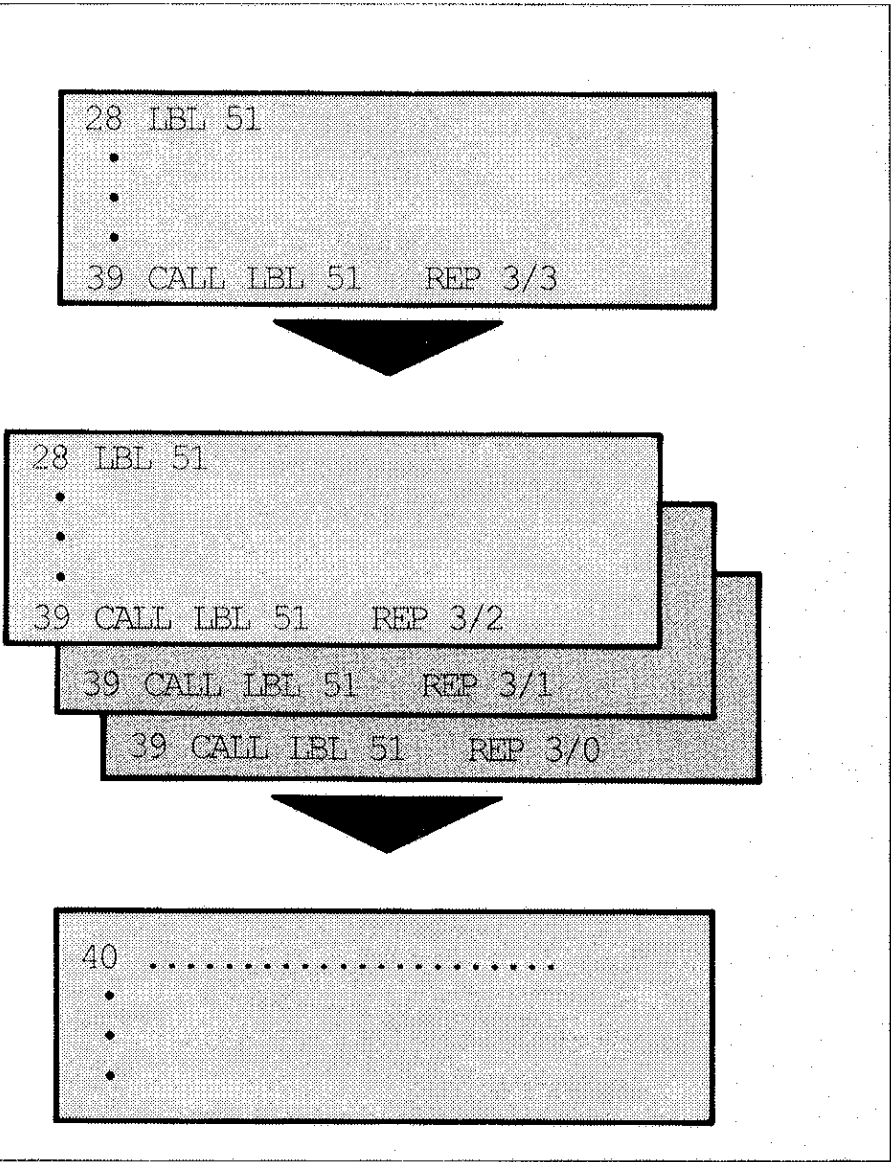
LBL
SET

LBL
CALL

```
28 LBL 51
•
39 CALL LBL 51    REP 3/3
```

Beginning of part
program

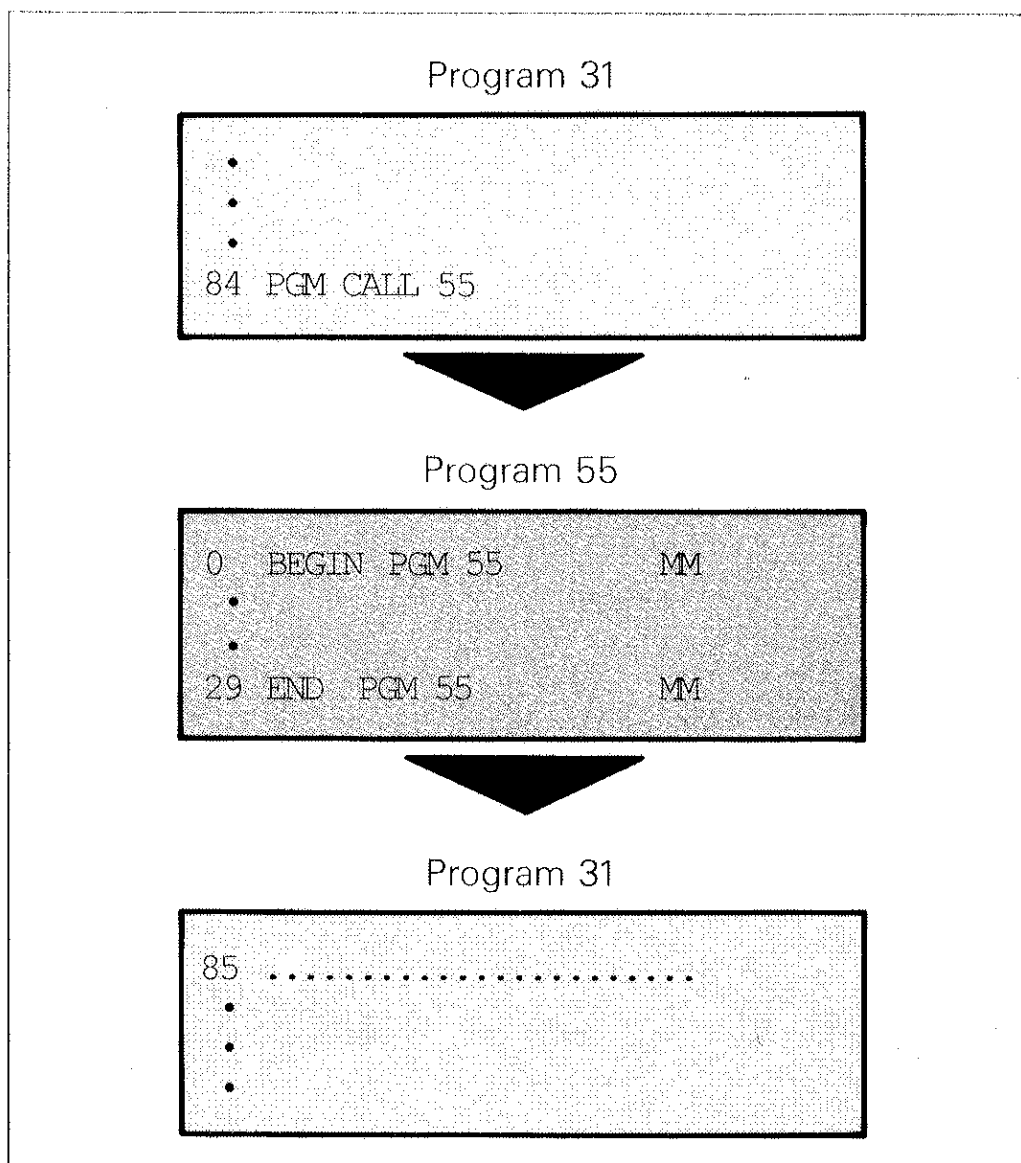
Program part end
simultaneously a
call-up for repetition



REP 3/3:

The countdown numeral after the stroke indicates the number of repetitions still to be executed. It is decreased by 1 on completion of each repetition.

84 PGM CALL 55



Program call cycle

CYCL
DEF

18 CYCL DEF 12.0 PGM CALL

19 CYCL DEF 12.1 PGM 55

•

22 CYCL CALL

M

Call-up of CYCL 12

Program 31

18 CYCL DEF 12.0 PGM CALL
19 CYCL DEF 12.1 PGM 55
•
22 CYCL CALL

Program 55

0 BEGIN PGM 55 MM
•
•
29 END PGM 55 MM

Program 31

23
•
•
•

At block 22 of program No. 31 a jump is made to the beginning of program No. 55.

At the end of program No. 55 a return jump is made to program No. 31 continuing from block 23.

Cycle call can be initiated with either

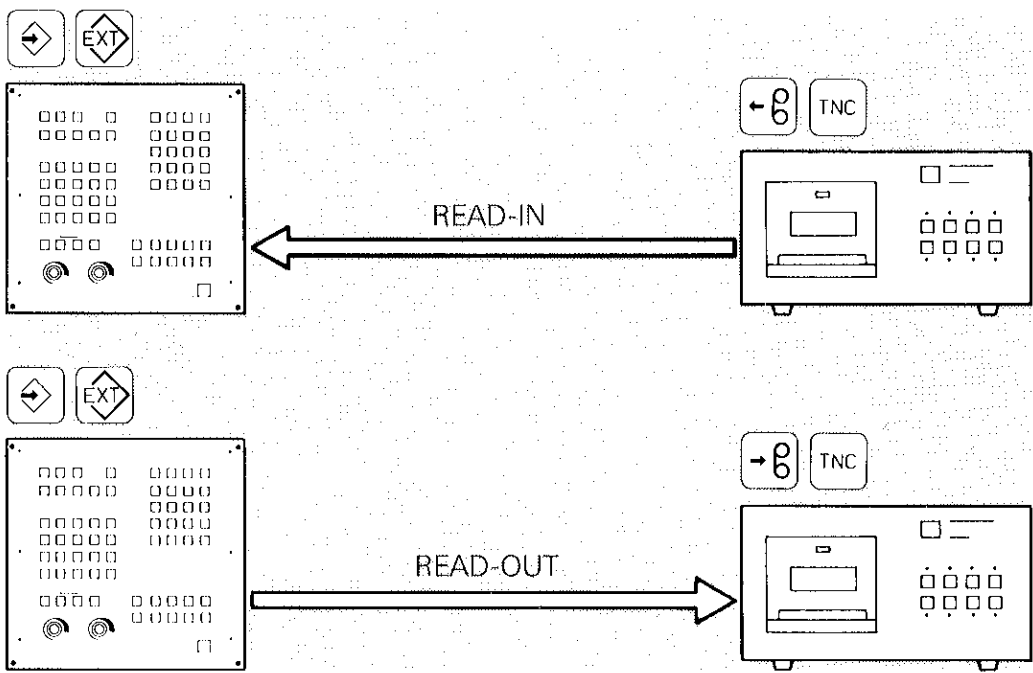
- CYCL CALL
- M99
- M89

External data transmission

V.24/RS-232-C data interface of TNC Operating modes

V.24/RS-232-C INTERFACE = ME

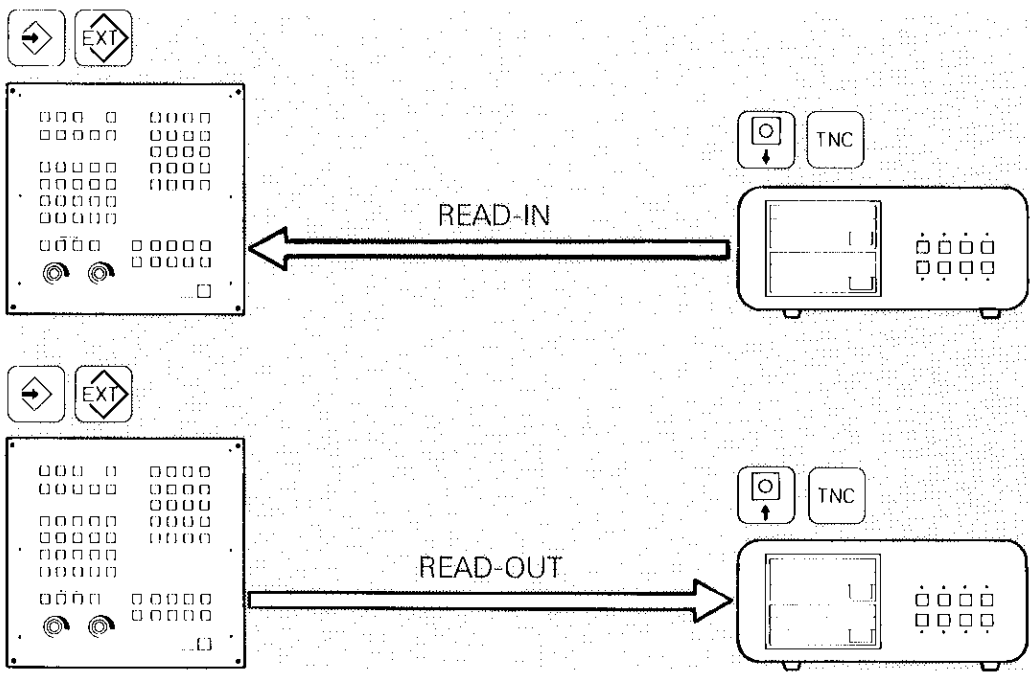
Transfer rate: 2400 Baud



Operation of the magnetic tape unit is only possible in the interface mode ME.

V.24/RS-232-C INTERFACE = ME

Transfer rate: 2400 Baud



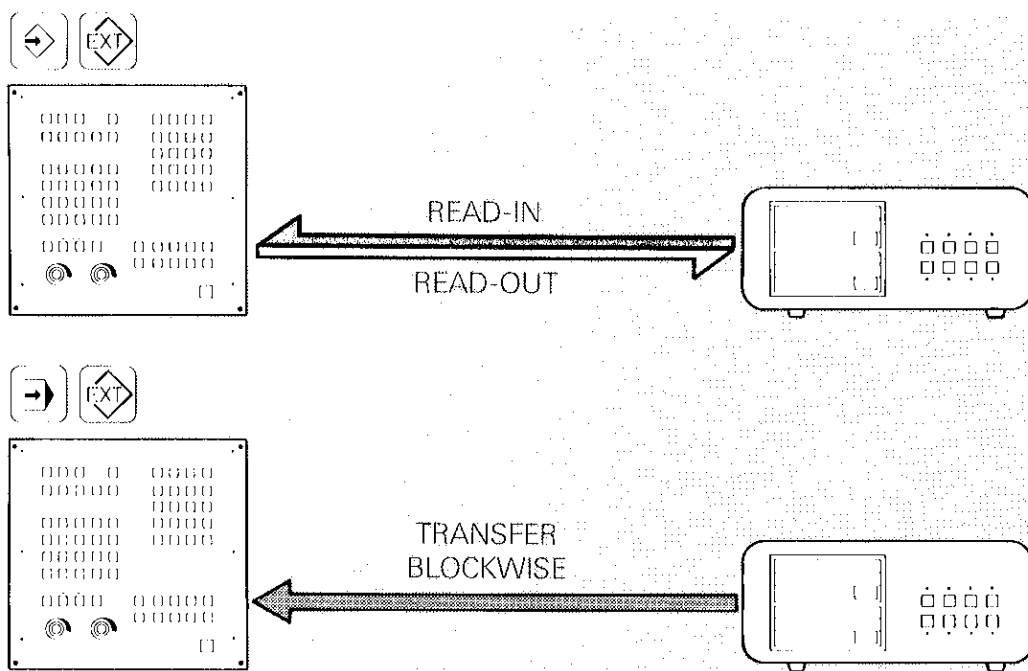
Operation of the disk unit is only possible in the interface modes ME and FE.

External data transmission

V.24/RS-232-C data interface of TNC Operating modes

V.24/RS-232-C INTERFACE = FE

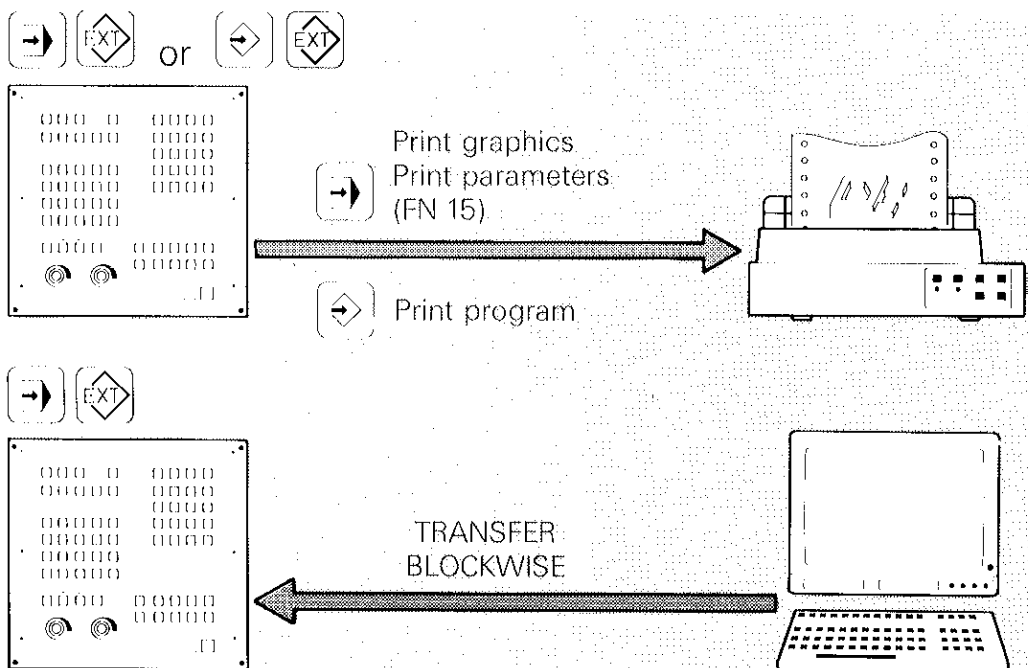
Transfer rate: 9600 Baud



In FE mode, operation of disk unit only via TNC keyboard.

V.24/RS-232-C INTERFACE = EXT

Transfer rate: 9600 Baud
other Baud rates programmable



Please observe the notes in the TNC interface description with the EXT-operation.

Spindle axis Z and

Point P_{min}

Point P_{max}

1	BLK	FORM	0.1	Z	X+0
					Z-20
2	BLK	FORM	0.2		X+85
					Z+0
					Y+120
					Z+0

BLK FORM:

Blank form

= shape of blank

The working plane

is always perpendi-

cular to the spindle

axis.

P_{min}: Only in

absolute

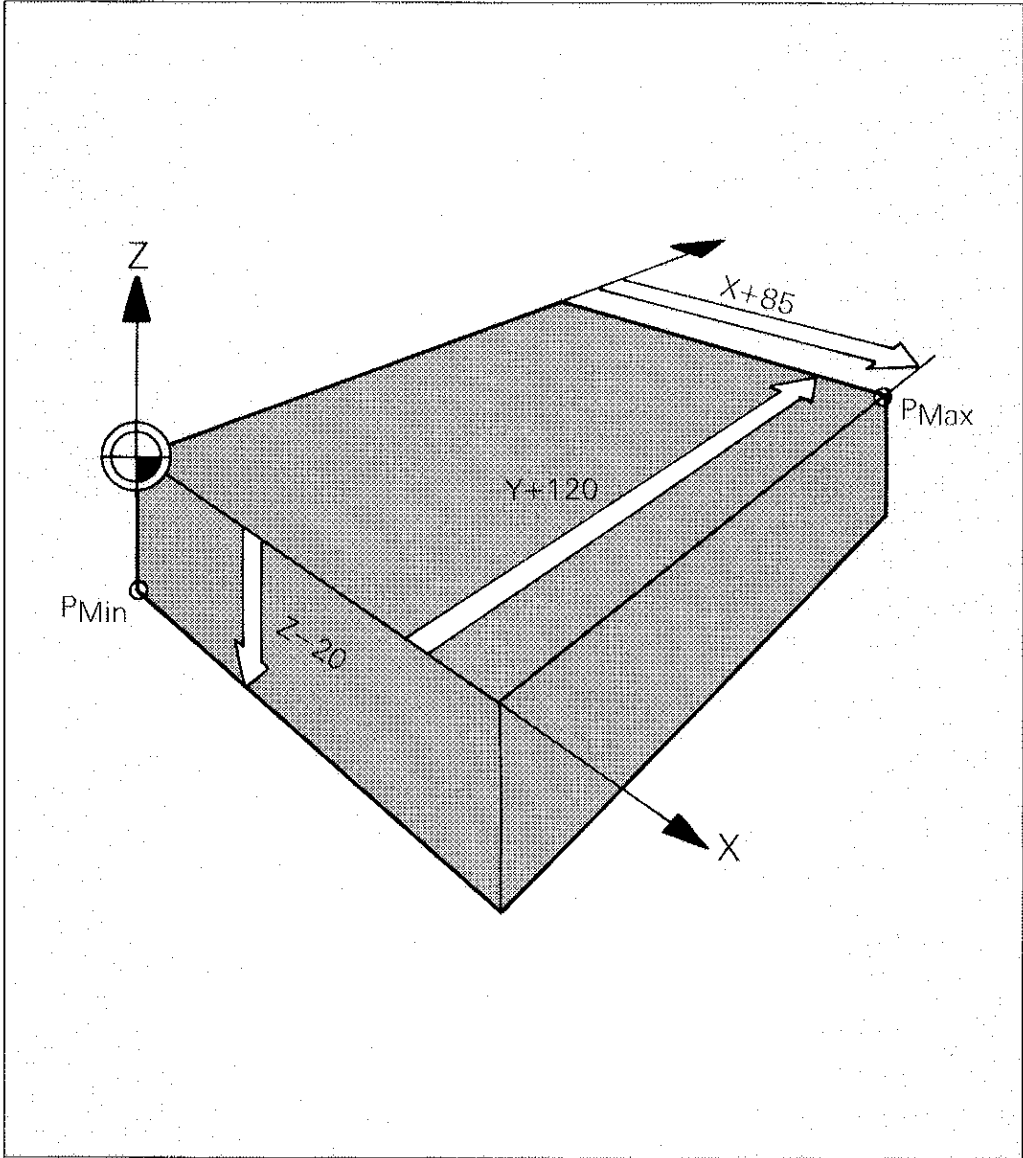
dimensions

P_{max}: Either

absolute or

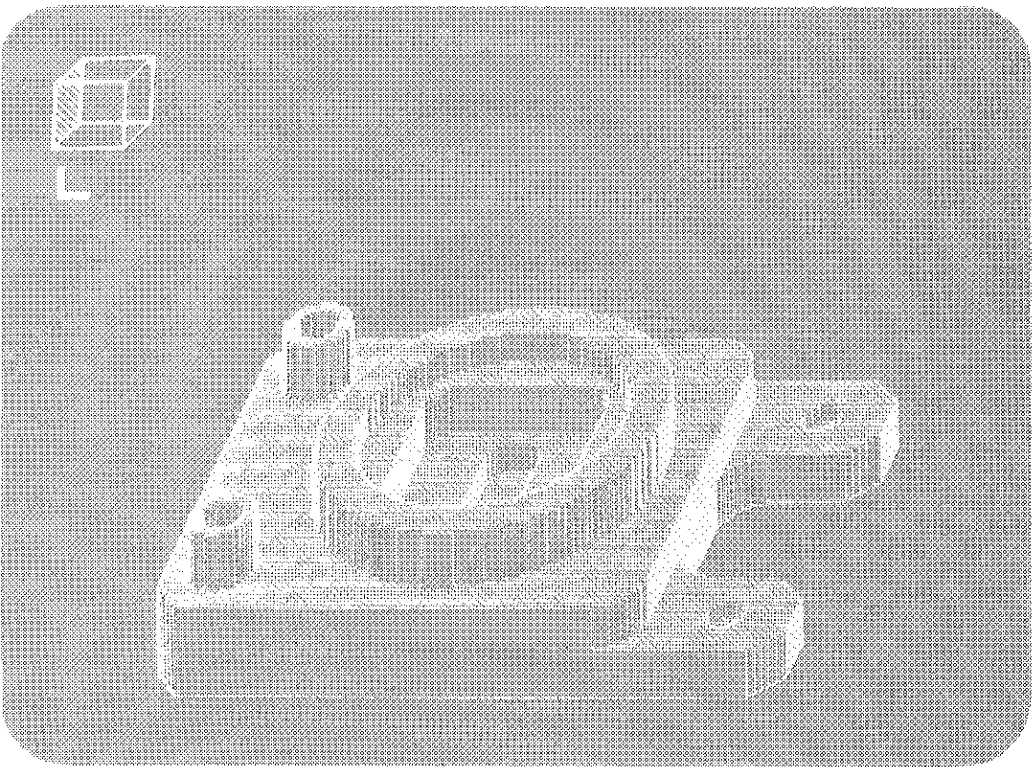
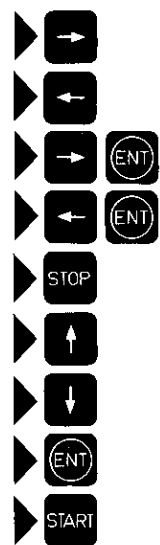
incremental

dimensions

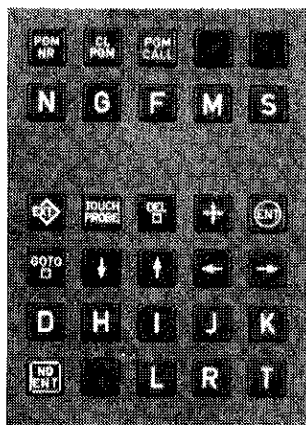




- Manual shift of sectional plane_____
- In opposite direction_____
- Automatic shift of sectional plane_____
- In opposite direction_____
- Shift stop_____
- Select next sectional plane (forward paging)_____
- Select previous sectional plane (reverse paging)_____
- TRANSFER GRAPHICS DETAIL = ENT
- Start program run_____



Before selecting the magnify function, the control must be in the graphics mode "3D-view".



Program entry in ISO-format

Letter addresses

% %	Program beginning or program call Program call with G39	P P	Cycle parameter for canned cycles Parameter in parameter definition
A B C	Rotary axis about X-axis Rotary axis about Y-axis Rotary axis about Z-axis	Q	Q-parameter
D	Parameter definition (Parameter Q)	R R R R R	Radius for polar co-ordinates Circle radius with G02/G03/G05 Round-off radius w. G25/G26/G27 Chamfer with G24 Tool radius with G99
F F F	Feed code Dwell time with G04 Scaling factor with G72	S S	Spindle speed Spindle angle with G36
G	Preparatory "GO" function	T T T	Tool definition with G99 Tool call Next tool with G51
H H	Angle for polar co-ordinates Rotational angle with G73	U V W	Additional linear axis parallel to X-axis Additional linear axis parallel to Y-axis Additional linear axis parallel to Z-axis
I J K	X-Coordinate of circle centre/pole Y-Coordinate of circle centre/pole Z-Coordinate of circle centre/pole	X Y Z	X-Axis command Y-Axis command Z-Axis command
L L L	Set label number with G98 Jump to label number Tool length with G99	*	End of block (LF)
M	Auxiliary (Miscellaneous) function		
N	Block number		

Program entry in ISO-format



Parameter definitions

D-code	Function
D00	Allocation
D01	Addition
D02	Subtraction
D03	Multiplication
D04	Division
D05	Root
D06	Sine
D07	Cosine
D08	Root of sum of squares
D09	if equal, jump
D10	if not equal, jump
D11	if greater, jump
D12	if less, jump
D13	Angle ($r \cdot \sin \alpha$ and $r \cdot \cos \alpha$)
D14	Error number
D15	Print (output of parameters)



Program entry in ISO-format

G-codes

G00	Linear interpolation, Cartesian, in rapid
G01	Linear interpolation, Cartesian
G02	Circular interpolation, Cartesian CW
G03	Circular interpolation, Cartesian CCW
G05	Circular interpolation, Cartesian, without direction data
G06	Circular interpolation, Cartesian, tangential
● G07	Single axis block
G10	Linear interpolation, polar, in rapid
G11	Linear interpolation, polar
G12	Circular interpolation, polar CW
G13	Circular interpolation, polar CCW
G15	Circular interpolation, polar, without direction data
G16	Circular interpolation, polar, tangential contour approach
● G04	Dwell
G28	Mirror image
G36	Spindle orientation
G37	Contour geometry
● G39	Designates program for call-up via G79
G54	Datum shift
G56	Pilot drill (with G37)
G57	Rough-out (with G37)
G58	Contour mill CW (with G37)
G59	Contour mill CCW (with G37)
G72	Scaling
G73	Co-ordinate system (plane) rotation
G74	Slot milling
G75	Rectangular pocket milling CW
G76	Rectangular pocket milling CCW
G77	Circular pocket milling CW
G78	Circular pocket milling CCW
G83	Pecking
G84	Tapping
● G79	Cycle call

Program entry in ISO-format



G-codes

G17	XY-plane designation, Tool axis Z
G18	ZX-plane designation, Tool axis Y
G19	YZ-plane designation, Tool axis X
G20	FOURTH tool axis
● G24	Chamfer with R
● G25	Rounding of corners with R
● G26	Tangential contour approach (run-on) with R
● G27	Tangential contour departure (run-off) with R
● G29	Transfer of last nominal position value as pole
G30	Blank form definition for graphics – min. point
G31	Blank form definition for graphics – max. point
● G38	Program run STOP
G40	No tool compensation (R0)
G41	Tool radius compensation to contour, offset left (RL)
G42	Tool radius compensation to contour, offset right (RR)
G43	Paraxial compensation extension (R+)
G44	Paraxial compensation reduction (R–)
G50	Erase/Edit protection (at program beginning)
● G51	subsequent tool number (with central tool memory)
● G55	Touch probe function
G70	Dimensioning in inches (at program start)
G71	Dimensioning in millimetres (at program start)
G90	Absolute dimensioning
G91	Incremental dimensioning
● G98	Assign label number
● G99	Tool definition

● = G-codes which are effective blockwise only

Auxiliary functions M

M-functions which affect program run
(List of standard auxiliary functions. These may only
be changed by the machine manufacturer).

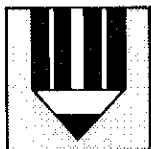
M-code	Function	Effective at	
		block begin.	block end
M00	Program run stop Spindle stop Coolant off		●
M02	Program run stop Spindle stop Coolant off Return jump to first program block		●
M03	Spindle on, clockwise	●	
M04	Spindle on, counter-clockwise	●	
M05	Spindle stop		●
M06	Tool change Program run stop (depends on machine parameters entered) Spindle stop		●
M08	Coolant on	●	
M09	Coolant off		●
M13	Spindle on, clockwise Coolant on	●	
M14	Spindle on, counter-clockwise Coolant on	●	
M30	As per M02		●

Auxiliary functions M

M-functions which affect program run
(List of standard auxiliary functions. These may only
be changed by the machine manufacturer).

M-code	Function	Effective at	
		block begin.	block end
M89	Free auxiliary function or	●	
M89	Cycle call, modally effective (depending on the machine parameters entered)		●
M90	Constant path feed rate on external and internal corners	●	
M91	Within a positioning block: Workpiece zero datum is replaced by reference point	●	
M92	Within a positioning block: The set workpiece zero datum is replaced by a position which is defined by the machine tool builder using a machine parameter, (e.g. tool change position).	●	
M94	Rotary table axis display reduction to a value below 360°	●	
M95	Change approach behaviour for internal corners: no calculation of point of intersect.		●
M96	Change approach behaviour for external corners: insertion of a transitional circle		●
M97	Compensation of path intersection on external corners: point of intersection instead of transitional circle		●
M98	End comp. of path intersection blockwise		●
M99	Cycle call blockwise		●

Notes



Operating modes
"Manual",
"Electronic handwheel",
"Positioning with MDI",
"Automatic" and
"Program run in single block",
auxiliary modes, parameter programming and single axis
machining via the axis keys are not dealt with in this
PILOT.
Detailed information on these topics is provided in the
TNC 355 Operating Manual.



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