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## Two-Phase Hybrid Stepper Motor

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### **M545**

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#### **Introduction:**

M545 is a type of two-phase hybrid stepping motor driver, The drive voltage of which is from 20VDC to 50VDC. It is designed for use with 2-phase hybrid stepper motor of all kinds with 42mm to 86mm outside diameter and less than 4.5A phase current. This circuit that it adopts is similar to the circuit of servo control which enables the motor run smoothly almost without noise and vibration. Holding torque when it run under high speed is also significantly higher than the other two-phase driver, what's more, the positioning accuracy is also higher. It is widely used in middle and big size numerical control devices such as curving machine, CNC machine, Computer embroider machine, packing machines and so on.

#### **Features:**

- High performance, low price
- Average current control, 2-phase sinusoidal output current drive
- Supply voltage from 20VDC to 50VDC
- Opto-isolated signal I/O
- Overvoltage, under voltage, overcurrent, phase short circuit protection
- 15 channels subdivision and automatic idle-current reduction
- 8 channels output phase current setting
- Offline command input terminal
- Motor torque is related with speed, but not related with step/revolution
- High start speed

- High holding torque under high speed

**Advantage:**

1, Solving the problem of motor vibration under the condition of low speed by means of micro-subdivision technology

2, Compared with the current drivers in the market, M545 greatly reduce the noise of the motor no matter the motor is at high speed or low speed

3, Command interface is compatible with 3.3 V to 24 V

4, Under the condition of the same running speed, holding torque is increased by 30% when compared with similar drivers in the market

5, Superior high speed performance is specifically showed that the driver can make the running speed to 3000RPM.

**Electrical specification:**

Input voltage	20-50VDC
Input current	< 4A
Output current	1.0A~4.5A
Consumption	Consumption: 80W; Internal Insurance: 6A
Temperature	Working Temperature -10~45°C ; Stocking temperature -40°C~70°C
Humidity	Not condensation, no water droplets
gas	Prohibition of combustible gases and conductive dust
weight	200G

1. Pins assignments and description:

## 1) Connector Pins Configurations

Pin Function	Details
PUL +,PUL-	Pulse signal, PUL+ is the positive end of pulses input pin PUL- is the negative end of pulse input pin
DIR+,DIR-	DIR signal: DIR+ is the positive end of direction input pin DIR- is the negative end of direction input pin
ENBL+	Enable signal: ENBL+ is the positive end of direction input pin. This signal is used for enabling/disabling the driver. High level for enabling the driver and low level for disabling the driver.
ENBL-	ENBL- is the negative end of direction input pin. Usually left unconnected (enabled)

## 2) Pins wiring diagram:

PC's control signals can be active in high and low electrical level. When the high electrical level is active, all control negative signals will be connected together to GND. When low electrical level is active, all control positive signals will be connected together to public port. Now give two examples( Open collector &PNP), please check them:

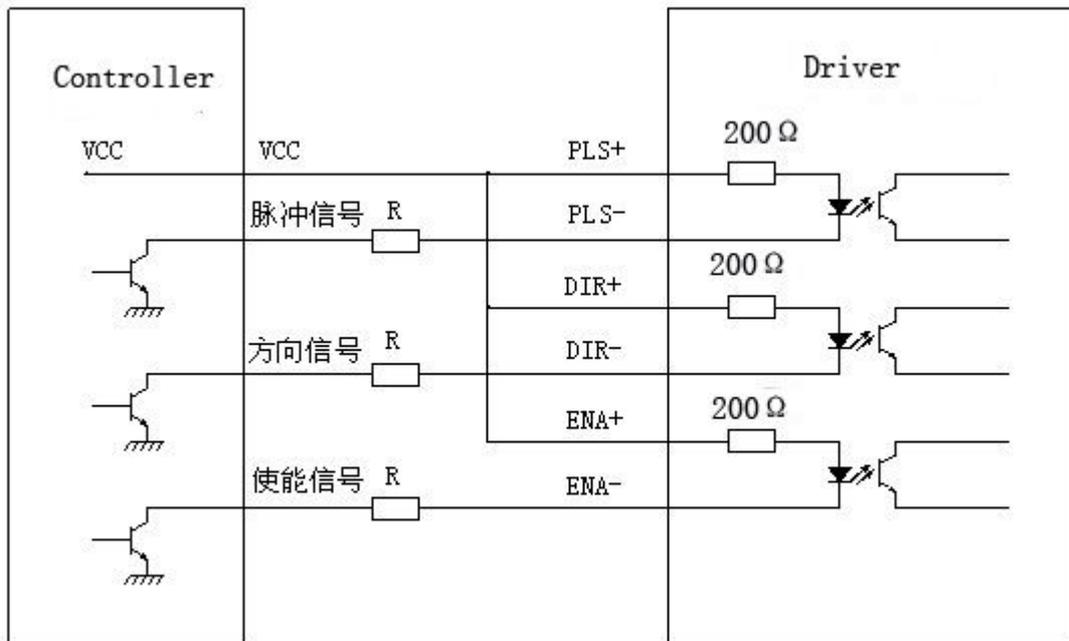


Fig 1. Input port circuit (Yang connection)

PC open connector output

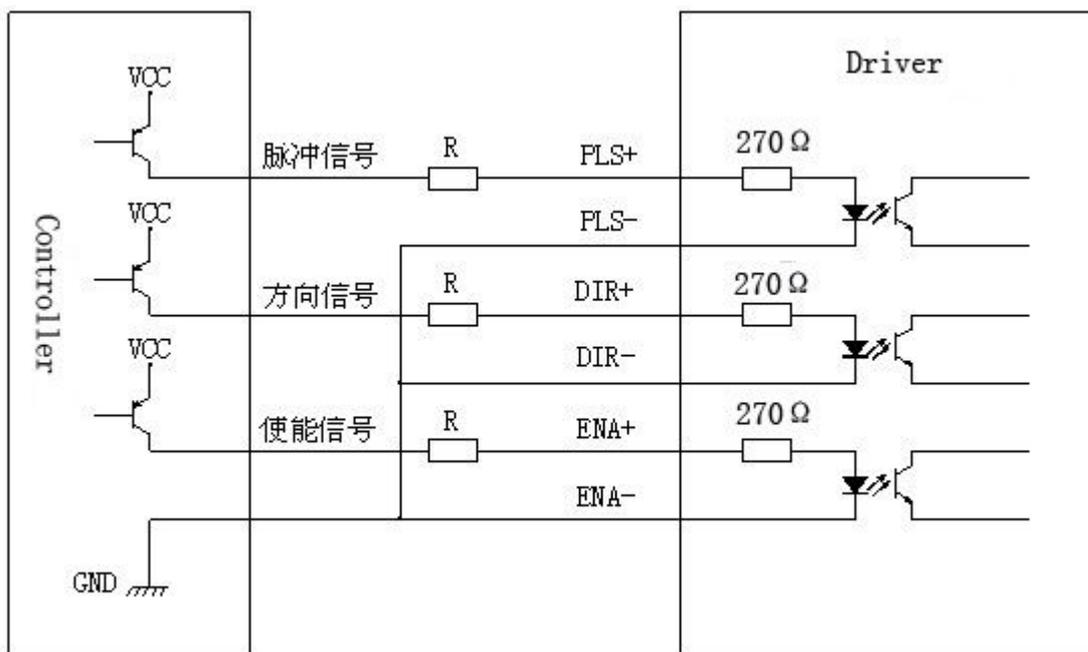


Fig. 2 Input port circuit ( Yin connection)

PC PNP output

Note: When VCC=5V, R=0

When VCC=12V, R=1K, > 1/8W

When VCC=24V, R=2K, > 1/8W

**R must connect in the control signal part .**

3.Function choice ( Using DIP pins to achieve this function)

1) Micro step resolution is set by SW 5,6,7,8 of the DIP switch as shown in the following table::

SW5	SW6	SW7	SW8	subdivisions	Pulse/rev	SW5	SW6	SW7	SW8	Subdivisions	Pulse/rev
ON	ON	ON	ON	2	400	ON	ON	ON	OFF	5	1000
OFF	ON	ON	ON	4	800	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	10	2000
ON	OFF	ON	ON	8	1600	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	20	4000
OFF	OFF	ON	ON	16	3200	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	25	5000
ON	ON	OFF	ON	32	6400	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	40	8000
OFF	ON	OFF	ON	64	12800	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	50	10000
ON	OFF	OFF	ON	128	25600	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	100	20000
OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	256	51200	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	200	40000

2) Standstill current setting

SW4 is used for this purpose. OFF meaning that the standstill current is set to be half of the selected dynamic current and ON meaning that standstill is set to be the same as the selected dynamic current.

3) Output current setting:

The first three bits (SW 1, 2, 3)of the DIP switch are used to set the dynamic current. Select a setting

Closest to your motor's required current.

**Output current table:**

SW 1	SW 2	SW 3	Peak	RMS	SW 1	SW 2	SW 3	Peak	RMS
ON	ON	ON	1.0 A	0.71 A	ON	ON	OFF	3.0 A	2.14 A
OFF	ON	ON	1.5 A	1.07 A	OFF	ON	OFF	3.5 A	2.50 A
ON	OFF	ON	2.0 A	1.43 A	ON	OFF	OFF	4.0 A	2.86 A
OFF	OFF	ON	2.5 A	1.78 A	OFF	OFF	OFF	4.5 A	3.21 A

4) Semi-flow function:

Semi-flow function is that there is not step pulse after 500 ms, the driver output current automatically reduced to 70% of rated output current, which is used to prevent motor heat.

#### 4. Power connections

(1)+V、 GND: Power Supply.

+V: Power supply, 16~50 VDC, Including voltage fluctuation and EMF voltage. The max current is 5A.

(2)A+ A- B+ B-: Connecting 2 phase stepper motors.

The driver & 2-phase hybrid stepping motor use four-wire connection, the motor can be connected in parallel & series bipolar. As for bipolar connection, it is higher performance with high-speed, but the current of driver is larger (it is 1.73 times more than the motor's winding current).

Connecting in series, the driver's current is equal to the motor winding one.

#### 5. Fixing

There should be 20mm of space, it can't be placed next to other heating devices, to avoid dust, oil mist, corrosive gas, humidity and strong vibration places.

(Unit=mm)

### 6. Troubleshooting

1, the status on light's indication

RUN: green, normal work light.

ERR: red, failure light, the motor with phase short-circuit, overvoltage and undervoltage protection.

2 Troubles

Alarm indicator	Causes	Measures
LED off turn	Wrong connection for power	Check wiring of power
	Low-voltages for power	Enlarge voltage of power
Motor doesn't run, without	Wrong connection of stepper	Correct its wiring

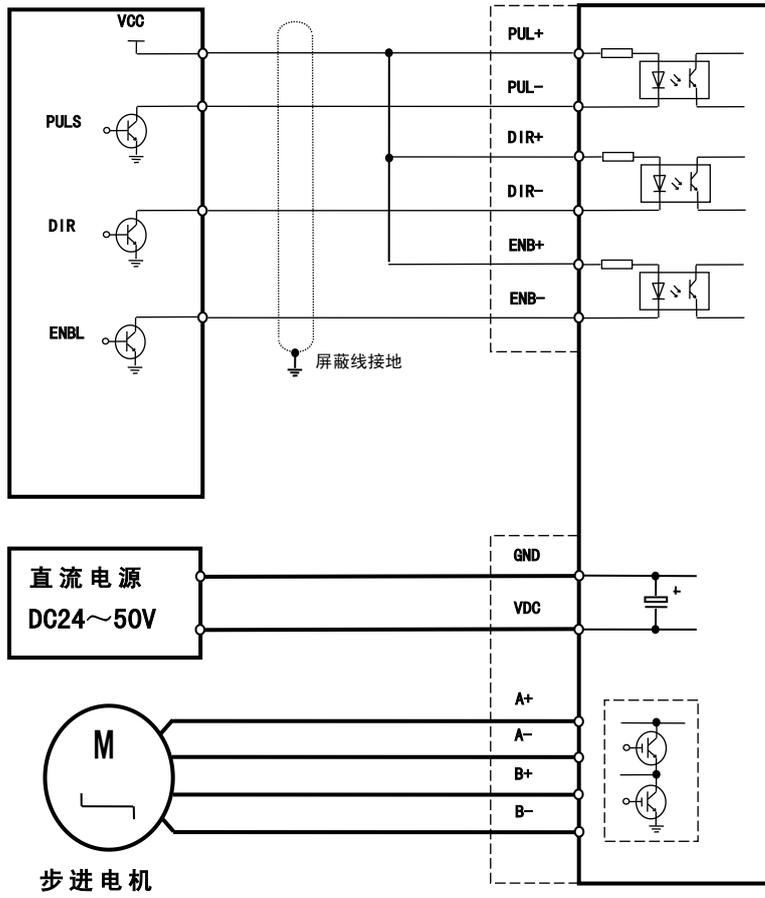
holding torque	motor	
	RESET signal is effective when offline	Make RESET ineffective
Motor doesn't run, but maintains holding torque	Without input pulse signal	Adjust PMW & signal level
Motor runs wrong direction	Wrong wires' connection	Change connection for any of 2 wires
	Wrong input direction signal	Change direction setting
Motor's holding torque is too small	Too small relative to current setting	Correct rated current setting
	Acceleration is too fast	Reduce the acceleration
	Motor stalls	Rule out mechanical failure
	Driver does not match with the motor	Change a suitable driver

## 7. Driver Wiring

A complete stepper motor control system should contain stepper drives, DC power supply and controller (pulse source). The following is a typical system wiring diagram

上位控制器

步进驱动器



8. Installing:

